# The Columbian.

G. R. ELWELL,
J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1881.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XV, NO. 7
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLV, NO. 56



## The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued Weekly, every Friday morning, at

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.,

TWO DOLLARS per year, 50 cents discount allowed when paid in advance. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance.

☞ No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.



## Advertising Rates.

| | 1y | 3m | 6m | 1y |
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| One inch | $4.00 | $ 7.50 | $ 8.00 | $ 5.00 | $ 8.00 |
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| Three inches | 4.00 | 4.50 | 7.00 | 11.00 | 18.00 |
| Four inches | 5.00 | 7.00 | 9.00 | 13.00 | 20.00 |
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| One column | 20.00 | 25.00 | 30.00 | 40.00 | 100.00 |

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Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

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Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.



LAWYERS.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe. jan. 1, 1879

E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office, second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG PA.
jan 11, 1878

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Exr's Building.

C. & W. J. RUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Courthouse

JOHN M CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office—In Harman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

H. LITTLE. ROBT. H. LITTLE.

H. & R. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 3, Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
Attorney-at-Law,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets, Clark's building.
Can be consulted in German.
jan. 16, '80-tf

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe oct. 1, 1879.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Notary Public

KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in Hartman's Block, Corner Main and Market streets, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Pensions and Bounties Collected.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in Brower's Block, one door below COLUMBIAN Building
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
July 16, '80 tf

GUY JACOBY,
Attorney-at-Law,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in the COLUMBIAN Building, second floor.
Oct. 8, '80.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law. Office, H. J. Clark's Building, 2d story room 3, Bloomsburg. may 7, '80-1

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office Market street. Near depot.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street)

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Oct. 1, '79. Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
Oct. 1 1879.

D. WILMOT CONNER M. D., PHYSICIAN and SURGEON, special attention given to the DISEASES and DEFECTS of the EYE EAR THROAT and SURGERY in all its various branches.
☞ Also carefully adjusts the EYE with PROPER GLASSES.

HOURS { 8—10 a. m. / 3—4:30 p. m. / 7—8 p. m.
Wilkesbarre, Pa.
July 16, '80-tf

JAMES REILLY,
Tonsorial Artist,
is again at his old stand under EXCHANGE HOTEL, and has as usual a FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customer and of the public generally.
July 16, '80-tf

W. H. HOUSE,
DENTIST.
BLOOMSBURG, COL. CO. PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted
Office Corner Main and Iron Streets.
*To be open at all hours during the day*
Nov. 28-1y

MISCELLANEOUS

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

AUGUSTUS FREUND. Practical homeopathic Horse and Cow Doctor, Bloomsburg, Pa. feb. 14, '79-tf

CATAWISSA.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa
Franklin, of " "
Pennsylvania of " "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Manufacturers of New York.
Office on Market Street No. 6, Bloomsburg, Pa.
jan. 23, '79-1y.



## HOMES IN VIRGINIA.

We have for sale Cheap, both large and small Farms, Improved and unimproved, in all parts of Virginia. Immigrants of every political complexion, and from every part of the Union, are welcome to Virginia.

Write for "Real Estate Review," free
Address H. L. STAPLES & CO., Richmond, Va.

## DR. HUTCHINSON'S WORM DESTROYER

An Old and Tried Remedy. *Removes the Worms and the accretions that heighten alive.* We **guarantee** its virtue. We have hundreds of Testimonials, collected in the last 15 years, proving conclusively *there is no remedy equal to* **Dr. Hutchinson's Worm Destroyer** to remove the Worms all kinds, *Round, Seat, Long,* and *Tape,* that infest the human system. *Physicians buy these* and give them to their suffering patients. *There is no hunting or guessing* about this thoroughly reliable medicine. Price, 35c. per box.

A. W. WRIGHT & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Market and Front Streets, Philadelphia.
feb 11, '81-2m

To Nervous Sufferers—The Great European Remedy.

DR. J. B. SIMPSON'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine is a positive cure for overwork of body or brain or excess of any kind, such as weakness and all diseases resulting from Nervous Debility, Irritability, Mental Anxiety, Languor, Lassitude, Depression of Spirits and functional derangements of the nervous system generally. Pain in the

Back or Side, Loss of Memory, Premature old age and diseases that lead to consumption insanity and an early grave, or both. No matter how shattered the system may be from excesses of any kind, a short course of this medicine will restore the lost functions and procure health and happiness where before was despondency and gloom. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success.

Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars.

Price, Specific $1 on per package, or six packages for $5. 00. Will be sent by mail on receipt of money. Address all orders, J. B. SIMPSON'S MEDICINE CO. Nos. 104 and 106 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.
feb. 11, '81-3m

## DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE!

One of the most desirable residences in Bloomsburg on the north west corner of Market and Fifth Streets formerly occupied by W. E. Sterner. The house is a large and convenient

TWO STORY BRICK BUILDING,

nicely furnished. There is also a

STABLE AND OUT BUILDINGS.

The property will be sold on easy terms. Possession given April 1st, 1881. For particulars inquire of J. Yorke Erq., Bloomsburg, Pa., or Abram Reese Buffalo Valley.
nov. 26, '80-3m

## A Farm in Montour County

Will be sold or exchanged for a

STORE PROPERTY OR DWELLING

by the undersigned. The said farm is on the road from Pottsgrove to Washingtonville, in Liberty township, about 3½ miles from Pottsgrove, and contains 111 ACRES. A

GOOD FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

Barn and out-buildings on the premises. Not particular where property exchanged for is located. If sold

Reasonable and Easy Terms will be Given.

For particulars, address,

G. P. REIGHARD
Pottsgrove or Lightstreet.
Jan. 28-m

FIRE INSURANCE.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.
GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.

These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOUND SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.

Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER, Bloomsburg, Pa.

The people of Columbia county should patronize the agent whose losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

PROMPTNESS, EQUITY FAIR DEALING

$10 OUTFIT furnished free, with full instructions for conducting the most profitable business that any one can engage in. The business is so easy to learn, and our instructions are so simple and plain, that any one can make great profits from the very start. No one can fail who is willing to work. Women are as successful as men. Boys and girls can earn large sums. Many have made at the rate of over one hundred dollars in a single week. Nothing like it ever known before. All who engage are surprised at the ease and rapidity with which they are able to make money. You can engage in this business during your spare time at great profit. You do not have to invest capital in it. We take all the risk. Those who need ready money, should write to us at once. All furnished free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine
oct. 15-'80-1y

## B. F. SHARPLESS,

Cor. Centre and Rail Road Sts., near L. & B. Depot.

Lowest Prices—will not be undersold.

Manufacturer of MINE CAR WHEELS, Coal Breaker and Bridge Castings, Water Pipes, Stoves, Tinware, Plows, IRON FENCE, and all kinds of iron and Brass Castings.

The original Montrose, iron beam, right hand, left hand, and side hill Plows, the best in the market, and all kinds of plow repairs.

Cook Stoves, Room Stoves, and Stoves for heating stores, school houses, churches, &c. Also the largest stock of repairs for city stoves, wholesale and retail, such as Fire Brick, Grates, Cross Pieces, Lids &c, &c., Stove Pipe, Cook Boilers, Skillits, Cake-Plates, large Iron Kettles, (20 gallons to 1½ barrels) Farm Bells, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes,

"Allentown Bone Manure"

PLASTER, SALT, &c., &c.
jan 9, '80-1y

C. E. SAVAGE,
DEALER IN
Silverware. Watches, Jewelry. Clocks &c.

All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly repaired and warranted.
may 17, '78-tf

E. C. SLOAN & BRO.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturers of
Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs,
PLATFORM WAGONS, &c.
First-class work always on hand.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Prices reduced to suit the times.

LATEST STYLES OF

CALLING CARDS

At the 'COLUMBIAN OFFICE.'

## WILL IT CURE ME?

Said a man whose woebegone countenance and broken down constitution showed traces of disease—a sufferer with Nervous Dyspepsia whose stomach the most delicate morsel say like lead. Refreshing sleep and quiet nerves were strangers to him, and he despaired of ever being well. We advised him to use

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR,

which he did, and in a short time was not only relieved but cured.

Reader; if you are suffering with Dyspepsia or Liver Disease in any form do not wait until the disease has taken a fast hold upon you, but use the Regulator when the symptoms first show themselves. It has relieved untold suffering. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is not an alcoholic stimulant, but a

Purely Vegetable Remedy

that will cure when everything else fails. It is a faultless family medicine. Does not disarrange the system. Is no violent drastic purge, but nature's own remedy. The friend of everyone, and will not disappoint you. A single trial will convince you that it is the cheapest, purest and best Family Medicine in the world.

ASK the recovered dyspeptics, bilious sufferers, victims of fever and ague, the mercurial diseased patient how they recovered their health, cheerful spirits and good appetite—they will tell you by taking Simmons' Liver Regulator.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR

SIMMONS' Liver Regulator!

Original and genuine, prepared only by
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Price $1.00. Sold by all Druggists.
April 16, '80-1y

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

FACTS WORTH KNOWING.

Ginger, Buchu, Sandrake, Stillingia and many other of the best medicines known are so skillfully combined in PARKER'S GINGER TONIC as to make it the greatest Blood Purifier and The Best Health and Strength Restorer Ever Used.

So perfect is the composition of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC that no disease can long exist where it is used. If you have Dyspepsia, Headache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Bowel, Kidney or Liver Disorder, or if you need a mild stimulant, or appetizer, the TONIC is just the medicine for you, as it is highly curative and invigorating but never intoxicating.

If you are slowly wasting away with Consumption or any sickness, if you have a Painful Cough or a bad Cold, PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will surely help you. It gives new life and vigor to the feeble and aged, and is a certain cure for Rheumatism and Cholera Infantum.

It Has Saved Hundreds of Lives; It May Save Yours.

If you are feeling miserable don't wait until you are down sick, but use the TONIC to-day. No matter what your disease or symptoms may be it will give prompt relief.

Remember! PARKER'S GINGER TONIC is not a rum drink but the Best and Purest Family Medicine ever made, compounded by a new process, and entirely different from Bitters, Ginger preparations and all other Tonics. Try a 50c. bottle. Your druggist can supply you.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

The Best and Most Economical Hair Dressing exquisitely perfumed and perfectly harmless.

Will Always Restore Gray or Faded Hair to its original youthful color and appearance, and is warranted to stop its falling, assist its growth and prevent baldness.

A few applications of the BALSAM will soften the hair, cleanse all dandruff and cure itching and humours of the scalp. Sold by all druggists at *only 50 cts.*
Oct. 1, '80-1y d

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for HOP BITTERS and try them before you sleep. Take no other.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.
July 16, '80—tf

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

OF WILLIAM G. QUICK, DECEASED.

The undersigned, Attorneys in fact, of the heirs of William G. Quick, late of the township of Montour, in the County of Columbia, Pennsylvania, will offer at public sale, the following real estate, late the property of said deceased, namely:

No. 1. All that certain messuage or tenement and tract of land situate in said Montour township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a black oak and running thence by land of Lloyd Paxton, (late Joseph Paxton,) north sixty degrees east sixty-four perches to a stone, thence north nineteen degrees west twenty-six perches to a red oak, thence north thirty-four degrees east forty-six perches and seven-tenths to Big Fishingcreek, thence up the same north thirty-five degrees west thirty-one perches to a stone, thence by land of Maria Evans, (late Peter Appleman) south sixty-four degrees west one hundred and twenty perches to a pine stump and thence by land of John Mensch, (late John Richards) south thirty-six degrees east fifty perches to the place of beginning, containing THIRTY-TWO ACRES and one hundred and four perches, strict measure, be the same more or less.

This is the late residence of HOMESTEAD OF THE DECEASED, about two miles from the town of Bloomsburg and about one-half a mile from the village of Rupert, a prominent station of both the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg railroad and the Catawissa and Williamsport division of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad, at their connection. It is one of the most beautiful and fertile pieces of land in the valley about Bloomsburg and is in excellent farming condition all cleared. It has good buildings, consisting of a large two-story frame DWELLING HOUSE, large frame barn and cattle shed, a good carriage house, a work shop and a small tenant house. There is a strong and never failing spring near the house with milk house at it and a small stream of good water flowing through the tract east and west. It has a fine Apple orchard bearing good fruit, and other fruit trees.

No. 2. Two certain lots situate in the village of Eyer's Grove, in the said county of Columbia, in Greenwood township and marked and numbered in the general plan of said town by the numbers nine (9) and ten (10).

On this property there are a good two story dwelling house with out-buildings and a stable, also a

BLACK SMITH SHOP.

No. 3. All that certain lot of ground situate in the town of Rupert, in Mentour township, said Columbia county, bounded on the north by land of Lloyd Paxton, on the west by same, on the south by a street forty feet wide and on the east by the public road leading to Bloomsburg, being forty-five feet in width along said public road leading to Bloomsburg and one hundred and ten feet in length along said street.

The sales will be held as follows: No. 2 at Eyers Grove on Thursday, February 24th, 1881, at two o'clock in the afternoon at the premises.

No. 1 and No. 3, on Saturday February 26, 1881, beginning with No. 1 on the Premises, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

TERMS OF SALE OF No. 1.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent on the first day of April 1881, One third of the purchase money less one thousand dollars shall be secured by bond and mortgage for the use of the widow of deceased during her life, with interest from the first day of April 1881 payable annually to the said widow and at her death the principal sum to the heirs of the said deceased and the remainder shall be secured by bonds and mortgage payable on the first day of April 1884 with interest from the first day of April 1881.

TERMS OF SALE OF No. 2 AND No. 3.—The same as of No. 1 except that the amount to be secured for the use of the widow shall be but a one-third of the whole amount of the purchase money.

Possession will be given on the first day of April 1881 if the terms of sale shall have then been complied with by the purchaser.

HUGH B. QUICK,
JAMES G. QUICK,
Attys in Fact.
Feb. 4, '81.


## Poetical.

### OLD LETTERS.

My letters! written in my earnest boyhood
To one who left us but the other day,
And I am sitting here, and try to read them
Through tears I do not care to brush away;
Tears from my friend, and tears, ah! much more bitter,
For him, myself, the self that is as dead
As he to whom these faded things were written
E'er youth and trust had from my living fled.

It was myself, remember that, who wrote them,
Read them once more, and note the noble life,
The vast endeavor, and the desperate struggle
To rise above the groveilers in the strife;
The sacrifice of self for good of others;
The passion at the sufferings of the poor!
The angry fight 'gainst pride and sin and riches;
The looking onward when the prize was sure

Ours too the hands to ease the overladen,
Our the strong voices whose sweet words of truth
Should e'er compel a hearing from the people
Who now but scoffed at our impetuous youth,
The world awakened, soon would grow much better;
Sons sin and sorrow, dying in the dust,
Would vanish from the earth before the sunlight
Flashed from our swords, whose blades should never rust.

Yes, he is dead, and I am old and tired,
I do not care if all the world be stir;
I listen dully to my son's loud vauntings
Of that bright future they are sure to win.
Ah! burn the letters. As they fall to ashes
Methinks they're like our fading mortal dreams
Words upon words, and little of fulfillment
Of all was promised by our youths bright gleams!

*All the Year Round.*

## Select Story.

### SAVED BY MATCHES.

A small room, poorly furnished; a pot of mignonette in the window; a girl at work at the table, sewing steadily. She would have been pretty if she had not been so poor. If she had been better fed, she would have had a rosy cheek; if she had had freedom and less labor, she would have had dimples; if she had worn a dress of violet silk instead of faded calico, it would have brought out the fairness of her skin and the golden hue of her hair. As it was, Alice Morne was pale, and pinched, and, sad, with the sewing girl's stoop of shoulders and the sewing girl's heavy heart.

She rose suddenly and folded up her work—a child's garment, of fine cambric trimmed with dainty lace. She made a package of it, donned her bonnet and shawl and went out of her lodging house.

She threaded the commercial streets rapidly, and soon emerged on avenues of wealthy private residences. Here it was quieter. The dusk was gathering. Now and then a carriage rolled by. One or two stately houses were lighted for receptions. Many more were somberly closed. Alice went on, with her quiet, rapid step.

She stopped at last before a house all in a blaze of light. Costly lace curtains concealed the luxurious rooms within; the soft notes of a piano came softly upon the girl's ear.

'The Tracy's give another party to-night, said Alice.'

She went into the area and rang the bell. A servant admitted her. She went in with her bundle.

She came out with a light step. The work had been approved, and she had been paid. A little dazzled with the scene she had just emerged from, she paused upon the pavement to count the money.

'Give me a cent,' said a little beggar boy starting somewhere out of the silent shadows.

'What do you want it for?' asked Alice.

'I'm hungry,' answered the child. He was pale and pinched.

'Here's a dime; I would give you more if I could,' she said.

The child took it eagerly. She passed on, with less than $2 to buy supper and pay for a week's rent.

She had more work. When it was finished she came the same way in the dusk. As she passed over the sidewalk a faint line of white attracted her attention.

There was a knob of glass, generally called "bull's eye," in the pavement. It is usually inserted over a coal vault and is removed to admit the coals. This one had not been adjusted with exactitude, and at the crevice appeared a line of white. Alice stooped down and examined it. It was the edge of a folded paper.

She drew it out with a wild thought that it might be some valuable check or draft. But it contained only a few words written in pencil.

'I have watched for you constantly for a week. If you would save my life come back here, and all night long place matches where you found this paper. You shall be rewarded with all you can ask.

A PRISONER.'

Alice closed the paper in her hand and looked around bewildered. No one was to be seen. She looked down at the lump of dull glass, but it was entirely opaque. The bull's eye was not set quite evenly in its place. She touched it with her foot but could not move it. After waiting a moment, confused and in doubt she passed on, recollecting her errand.

The area door admitted her. The servant had a child in her arms, the dainty little thing for whom Alice made garments.

'Mrs. Tracy said you was to come up to her chamber,' she said, 'you know the way.'

The lady whom she met was not lovely; she was sallow and dark; very disagreeable looking—clutching her cashmere gown at the breast, and turning impatiently toward her little sewing girl.

'Why did you not come before?' she asked, in a hoarse voice, with a slight French accent. 'The child should have had a hat dress to drive in to-day.'

'I was sick yesterday and I could not finish it,' answered Alice.

Madame snatched the package tearing it open and letting the little embroidered robe fall upon the bed.

'Well, here is your money,' said she, opening a velvet purse. 'Next time I will employ some one who will do as they promise.'

Alice turned away with a bursting heart—for the woman's words meant starvation for her. She dared not raise her voice in reply; she devined truly that the heart under that rich robe was one of stone.

As she passed down stairs she heard a low voice it proceeded from one of the rooms above her.

'And he is 21 to-day!' it said.

'Yes it is three years since his mysterious disappearance,' with a sneering laugh.

The voices were stealthy. A door closed and shut them in.

Alice passed down into the street.

She walked fast, treading unthinkingly, upon the bull's eye and went home. When she flung herself down to weep she suddenly felt the crumpled paper in her hand.

What should she do? She lay thinking a long time. She considered the strangeness of the request, the possibility that it was not meant for her, the idea that it was a hoax or written by some madman—for it was a man's handwriting.

But the girl's heart was warm and true. The possibility that some one was in trouble and she might help them was the thought that had the most weight. With no one to counsel or object, she obeyed it.

She went to the store and spent $1 of her precious money for matches. She received a large package, containing thousands of the little lucifers.

The city clock was striking 9 as she reached the bull's eye.

The street was silent, the pavement deserted. And she bent down, some one tapped upon the bull's eye. She slipped a sheet of matches into the crevice. It disappeared. She waited a few moments; the hand tapped for more; she supplied them.

As she waited again a pedestrian approached. She rose and slipped back into the shadows until he had passed, otherwise she did not fear. The street was quiet, and she could see the stars twinkling in the clear sky.

Hour after hour she supplied matches, at intervals of quarter hours. Occasionally the rap came for an earlier demand. But she could not see the hand. She only imagined it to be a man's.

It was long past midnight. The city clocks were near striking 2, when her matches became exhausted. She had not been sufficiently supplied, she thought.

Quite at loss what she ought to do, she rose from her cramped position, standing in doubt when a voice said:

'Come with me!'

She started in terror for a man stood beside her; but the next words reassured her:

'It is I whom you gave the matches to; do not be afraid, but take my arm and walk fast; I am not safe here.'

Alice could only see a tall form and a pale face, the features of which she could not distinguish; but the voice though hurried, was gently modulated, and the stranger took her hand with a grasp that was not unpleasant.

'You must be tired; but this has been a good night's work for you, little girl,' he said.

'What did you want the matches for?' asked Alice trembling.

He had drawn her hand within his own, and she walked rapidly beside him.

'It was the only way in which I could get fire,' he answered. The heat melted the cement which enclosed the bull's eye in the wall of my prison, and I escaped through the cavity. It was larger than the one in the pavement. I have been a prisoner in my own house for three years.'

As they left the vicinity of the Tracy dwelling he walked slower.

'I was quite helpless,' he added. 'I knew of no one to appeal to whom I could. But listening and waiting, as a man only listenes and waits for freedom I grew familiar with your steps as it passed so often over the bull's eye and up the steps, and a week ago when I heard your voice to the beggar boy, I resolved to trust you. I knew your tread the instant that you touched the curbstone, and I slipped the paper up the crevice. You saw it immediately. The hour till you came passed heavily; you were my only hope. You are a brave, good child. Now, where is your home? Can I go there for a little rest before daylight?'

'It is a poor place,' said Alice 'but you are welcome.'

Daylight was dawning when she revealed her poverty stricken little room to him. He flung himself into a chair and dropped his face on his folded arms on the table. Alice fancied that he was praying, and moved about noiselessly, preparing a little breakfast. She did not realize that this man was young and handsome, and it was not, perhaps, propriety to have him there. She was only zealous in her pity to serve him, seeing, by daylight how ill he looked.

But by noon there were strange doings in the little sewing girl's room. She had been sent for a lawyer, the most renowned and popular one in the city, and he came with two other gentlemen, so grand that little Alice was quite awe-stricken. Finally Mr. Lionel Tracy—that was the name of the hero—went away with them, and she was left alone with her poverty and her wonder. Only she was not quite so helpless and destressed as she had been, for one of the gentlemen had smiled upon her, and left a few pieces of gold upon her table.

But the marvel was all over with her, and the gold was spent, and poverty and labor and care had come back, when one day there was a knock at the door, and the landlady's little girl said that a carriage was standing for her, and a man in waiting said that she had been sent for.

What could she do but obey the summons? wandering what fairy work it was—that luxurious ride—until she began to see through, for the carriage stopped at the Tracy mansion.

There has been great public excitement—the papers had been charged with the development of the infamous plot in high life, whereby the true heir of a great fortune had been drugged, while ill, and concealed, and a story trumped up about his mysterious disappearance; but Alice, in her solitude had known nothing about it. Her pennies went for bread instead of news. But when she stepped upon the threshold, Lionel Tracy the restored master, met her with a tender courtesy and took away all her fear and made her feel like a little queen in the midst of the splendor.

'Have the rest all gone away?' she asked, seeing no one but new servants and a pleasant woman, who was the housekeeper.

'Yes; I am quite alone, and shall be, unless you will come and live with me,' said Lionel Tracy.

'Do you want a sewing girl?' asked Alice, innocently.

'No; I want a wife,' he answered 'one whom I can love with all my heart, as I do you, Alice. Will you come and live with me?'

Did she? well yes and the public had another episode to excite them—the famous Lionel Tracy's marriage. Alice grew charming with happiness, and she was chronicled as a beauty when she became his bride.

### From Poverty to Opulence.

AN HEIR TO $40,000,000 SUFFERING FOR THE NECESSITIES OF LIFE.

There are now in New York the Mayor of Hamburg, Germany, and several notables, who came to this country recently to take steps for settling an estate estimated variously at from $35,000,000 to $40,000,000, on a man residing there, who has for some time been supported in the act of charity. This man came here a few months ago, under the name of Johann Spier. He brought his wife and a child about a month old which had been born in Philadelphia, where he said he had recently landed by the American line of steamships. His story was that he was the son of Roelloff Van Baren, a wealthy German shipbuilder. When he was young his mother having died, his father married again, and a lady much his senior. This lady had two sons. In the family arose a feud because young Spier, or Roelloff Van Baren, jr., was the heir of a great estate, the father being possessed of a large estate. His parents intended him for a Catholic clergyman. He was educated for this position and in due time assumed clerical orders. For three years only was he in the church and then he seceded to Protestantism. There was much trouble because of this. In the end there was something more serious than wordy altercation. One of his half brothers became excited in a discussion over Roelloff's change of belief, and struck at him with a knife; but Roelloff struck, inflicting a fatal wound of which the victim died three days after. To escape the consequences of the murder alleged, though the German says he acted in self defense, Roelloff having had the freedom of Hamburg, fled to London. He took the advice of the Mayors of both Rotterdam and Hamburg to this effect.

Roelloff had a grand uncle enormously wealthy. He it was whose estates Johann Spier, as he has been known here, or Roelloff Van Baren, as he is in reality, has inherited. After Roelloff's flight to London his grand uncle helped him financially for a time. Then Roelloff married an English woman of culture named Annette Warsop. This brought about a breach between the grand uncle and Roelloff, and the latter left without resources, emigrated to this country. He had about $200 when he reached Philadelphia. There his child was born. When he started for New York he had about $70 left. On the way this was lost or stolen, and he had to ask for aid immediately upon his arrival. His story about being an heir to so much wealth was not generally believed, but he was furnished with cheap lodgings, and there without comforts, above the bare necessities of life, he has lived to this time. Not until he came here did his wife know that his name was not Johann Spier. Learning the truth from the direction of an envelope coming from Germany, she insisted on being remarried under the name of Van Baren, and this was accomplished by a German Justice of the Peace.

When little work, poor pay, cast off appearently by Von Baren's family, the outlook was far from cheerful. The latter part of last week, however, Von Baren was surprised by a visit from the surviving half-brother who had come to this country to bring intelligence and to make a proposition which sounds like one of Monte Cristo's. The intelligence was that Heinrich Spier, of Hamburg, whose family name was Von Baren had taken, had died in December at the great age of 103 years. The proposition was that the new millionaire should make his stepbrother the manager of his estate, he (Von Baren) to recieve $25,000 weekly from the estate during his life and stepbrother, to recieve the rest. The stepbrother, Heinrich Von Baren, had $25,000 with him, which he offered to hand over to the heir at once, if he would sign a paper to such agreement, but Roelloff refused. With the stepbrother was Attorney William A. Beach, of New York. The stepbrother and heir met in a New Haven lawyer's office. There was little good feeling between the men, as might be expected; After the interview with Von Roelloff arranged to go to New York and will visit that place and confer with the Hamburg Mayor and notaries. His estate does not come into his possession until April. There are preliminary matters to be settled, The probable and estimated income form the immense estate is about $45,000 per week. The dead millionaire is said to have owned several shipyards and seventy ships, sailing to various parts of the globe.

Von Baren is much excited over his good fortune, which he could barely credit at first, but he has slept little for some days. He is a modest appearing man, aged about thirty-five, not heavily built, and has light hair and blue eyes. He speaks English indifferently. His wife speaks both German and English fluently. He says that he has suffered since he has been here for the absolute necessities of life.

### EVE.

When Eve upon the first of men, the apple pressed with specious cant,
Oh what a thousand pities then, that Adam was not Adamant,
But though by his false step we were doomed, to life of endless toil,
One certain comfort we can get to cure Rheumatics, Eclectric Oil.

### Speechless from Love.

A young woman now in Montana was adored at 16 by a young man who was disliked by her parents. She reciprocated the tender feeling, but was an affectionate daughter, and would not marry him. But she sternly resolved to let them know that she was a blighted being. She continued to live with her father and mother, but never spoke again. She is 31 now, but is still as dumb as an oyster. Through the partition of her room she will sometimes listen to the conversation of those in the adjoining apartments, and occasionally, several days after it has taken place, it will be found on paper in her room written out verbatim.


### A Foolish Mistake.

Don't make the mistake of confounding a remedy of acknowledged merit with the numerous quack medicines that are now so common. We speak from experience when we say that Parker's Ginger Tonic is a startling health restorative and will do all that is claimed for it We have used it ourselves with the happiest results for Rehumatism and when worn out by overwork. See adv.—Tribune.


### A Fenian Incident.

The following amusing incident occurred during the Fenian excitement of 1877 in Ireland: Two young men, fugative Fenians, were hiding in the mountains, when the mother of one of them was taken sick unto death. She wanted to see her boy once more, and a faithful messenger summoned him from the hills. His companion went with him, and he had the melancholy satisfaction of seeing his mother alive. As soon as the vital spark had fled the fugitives made for the friendly fastness of the mountains. They started after dusk, an old woman going a short distance before them to look out for police and military. They had traveled about three miles, when the preconcerted screech of the woman warned them of danger. They took refuge under a bridge. A flying column had come upon the old woman, and, pretending to be frightened, she screamed. The stipendiary Magistrate began to examine her, when the following dialogue, as detailed to me by a government official who had made notes of the conversation, took place. Her object was to delay and outwit the pursuers. The Magistrates object was to find if she was a native of the locality and knew all the inhabitants:

'What's your name?'

'I forgot to bring it wud me; it's at home.'

'Come, tell your name.'

'Musha, begorra, an' my name is Mary.'

'Mary what?'

'No, indade, but Mary Malowney.'

'How many years ago were you born?'

'Just two weeks before Jim Cassey's father took the rheumaticks, an' that was three weeks after Dromane Castle cot fire,an' it was distinguished a month afore Donnelly bate Cooper. Rickin that up an' ye have me age, av that's what ye're after.'

'Where do you live, and how do you get there?'

'Troth an' I live at home, an' I get there on my feet.'

'What road do you go home?'

'Down beyand the bridge there ye can see a house on the thumb-side av the haystack comin, up; about three mile farther at this side there' a pig an' a barn sittin' down; that's a mile from Lisken churchyard. Whin you git there ye'll hear a bull roarin'; an' I live widin a ball av an ass av that.'

'You're a satisfactory individual.'

Your a lyin' thafe! I'm an honest woman, so I am, an you're not.'

Come, now, what do you know about the Fenians?'

'Och! not muce for nothin.'

'I will give you £2 if you will tell me where two of them, named McCabe and Maher, are hid.'

'Arrah, they'd kill me av they found me out; an' besides, I'd be informin on me own godson, Ned McCabe. But av ye don't tell who told ye I'll sind ye on their thrack for £5, and pay me the money down.'

'The money is all right; you'll be paid when they are caught.'

'Ye'd better be afther catchin' 'em thin. The top av the evenin' to ye.'

'Come back

# The Columbian.

C. E. ELWELL,
J. E. BITTENBENDER, } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, February 18, 1881.


Mrs F. Mullen killed her husband at Scranton on the 14th, by stabbing him.

Eckley B. Coxe has been elected State Senator by a large majority in Luzerne county.

A proposition has been made that a joint committee be appointed by the opposing factions of the Republican members of the Legisiature to agree on a candidate for United States Senator. Something may come of it.

Philadelphia did nobly on Tuesday in the election of Samuel G. King as mayor and John Hunter as receiver of taxes. The bosses of both parties were defeated by the people. The City of Brotherly love proposes to rule herself for a while just to see how it goes.

### THE COUNTY STATEMENT.

The statement for last year shows the finances of the county to be generally in a good condition. There are a few items, however, that have attracted some little attention, which the tax payers do not fully understand. First, the auditors find a balance of county funds in the hands of the Treasurer amounting to $4207.04. There remained at the time $575.50 unpaid on county prison copons and a considerable amount of road damages, both of which draw interest. If the balance in the Treasurer's hands was received by him any reasonable length of time before the settlement was made, it should have been applied to the county's indebtedness and thus stopped interest to that extent. It is possible, however, that the money did not come into his hands until a short time previous, as many collectors were slow in settling their duplicates. If this was the case no blame can attach to any one for not applying the amount to debts of the county. It should be done at once, if not already done, as the county ought not to pay any interest on its liabilities while there are idle funds in the Treasurer's hands.

Another item is that which reads 'H. A. Sweppenheiser, Treasurer's deeds to Commissioners, $383.74.' Last summer every tract of unseated land assessed for taxes which remained unpaid for two years or more was advertised by the Treasurer, and all not bid in by others, were bought by the Commissioners. The Treasurer made deeds for the tracts to the Commissioners, and received therefor the sum of $383.74 from the county. These lands were bought by the Commissioners to protect the county from losing the taxes due on them. It becomes an important point to know what the taxes so intended to be saved amount to, and we ask the Commissioners of the county to furnish the people with this information, and also to state how many tracts of land were bought by them. The Treasurer is entitled to the following fees.

| | |
|---|---|
| Advertising each tract | .50 |
| Selling " " | .37 |
| For each deed | 1.50 |
| Acknowledgement | .25 |
| | $2.62 |

At this rate it would appear that 146 tracts were bought by the Commissioners. We are informed that it has never been the custom for the county to pay the Treasurer the fee for selling, 37 cents, and if such be the case, it would make the number of deeds for which the Treasurer was paid, still larger. If we are mistaken as to the amount of the fees, a correction will cheerfully be made.

What the people desire to know is, whether the lands purchased by the commissioners are worth the taxes standing against them and the expenses made by the sales. If so, there can be no objection to the transaction. By explaining the matter fully the officials concerned will relieve themselves of much severe criticism that they are now receiving. Our columns are open for both sides.

### NORTH VERSUS SOUTH.

A letter has been handed us which was written by a Virginia gentleman to a staunch Democrat of this county. It was written last fall just after the election, but it discusses a subject of general interest, and we therefore print portions of it. The writer says:

"The lessons to be learned from the election are first, that the fires of hatred kindled by the war against the South burn as fiercely as ever in the Republican heart, and that not so long as enough actors in the strife survive to form a battalion, shall the South have any part in the conduct of the government; and secondly, that a majority of the Northern people are resolved never to trust the government again in the hands of the Democracy, while the South constitutes the largest part of its strength. It is unfortunate for you Northern Democrats that the South supports you solidly. It would be better for you were there no South. We are at once the stronghold of your power and the source of your weakness. Who can doubt that the mortifying defeat of such a man as Hancock was attributable solely to the unanimity with which he was supported by the South, and the vile clamor which reckless demagogues raised about the "Solid South" and the artful but senseless appeals which they made to the North to be solid against us.

What does a solid South really import? Nothing else in the world than that the southern people to a man are opposed to Republican usurpations; that they are still, as they always have been, in favor of a strict construction of the Constitution; that they are in favor of keeping the federal government within its constitutional limitations, not allowing it the exercise upon any pretext of any power which was not vested in it; that they believe that this is not a consolidated nationality to which the several states bear simply the relation of provinces to an empire. That the States still hold all the power which they reserved to themselves at the formation of the Federal compact, and that the Federal government is the *creature* not the *creator* of the States. This is the Democratic doctrine to which the South subscribes as a unit, and this is all the term "Solid South" implies. We are not banded together in a treacherous conspiracy to subvert the government. We did not support Hancock with any expectation of binding in him a supple and truckling tool who would use all the powers of his administration to reestablish slavery and prepare the way for the elevation of Jeff. Davis to the presidency in 1884 and the revivification of the defunct confederacy. For why should we wish to overturn the government? What have we to gain by it? Could there ever have been a sectional war if there had not been an endangered sectional institution? Wasn't the confederate government based on the wretched corner stone of perpetuated slavery? And now that slavery is extinct, and no man desires or dreams of its revival, and all of the interests of the country are homogeneous, what possible object can we have in destroying the government? We may, as we certainly do, wish in common with the National Democracy, to curb its tyrannical tendencies; to correct its flagitious abuses; to purge its infamous corruptions; to repel its encroachments upon the States, and drive it with in its legitimate sphere. This is all, and how any Democrat could have deserted his ranks because of the access on of such powerful recruits instead of welcoming them to a place in the array, passes my comprehension. There must be, even in the Radical hosts, some reflective men capable of "discerning the signs of the times," who cannot be blind or indifferent to the portentous fact, that their leaders seriously intend the destruction of free institutions, and the erection upon their ruins of a vulgar despotism. To such Radicals, one would have supposed that the spectacle of a united people, espousing the principles with which they themselves sympathized, would have been gratifying in the extreme, and would have induced a hearty co-operation with, instead of a cowardly repudiation of them. One hardly knows whether the Radical North is more ass-headed or sheep-hearted in its sentiments toward us. Only an ass could suspect us of imaginiug, much less of plotting mischief to the country, and only sheep could fear any such mischief from a people so utterly unprovided with the means of inflicting it. In their malignant infatuation and their senseless vindictiveness they are acting as disgracefully, as foolishly, enslaving themselves in enslaving us. We are embarked in the same ship; if they scuttle it to sink us, they must sink with us. The same sea must swamp all alike. We may go under first but they must speedily follow. They can't nullify the constitution as to us, and keep it in operation as to them. They can't make their central tyrant always confine his persecutions and oppressions to poor Virginia and keep his heavy hand off of wealthy New York.

### DEATH OF FERNANDO WOOD.

Hon. Fernando Wood, member of Congress for the Ninth district, of New York, died at Hot Springs, Arkansas, on the 13th inst. He was first elected in 1840, when only twenty-eight years old.

He was the Democratic candidate for mayor of New York in November, 1850 but was defeated by A. C. Kingsland, Esq., the whig candidate. Not discouraged by this result, he continued in politics, determined, sooner or later to rule the city. He was the democratic candidate again in 1854, and was elected. During his first administration of the duties of that office he reformed many of the great abuses which then existed. He was the chief promoter in establishing the Central park, and had charge of and carried out the original plan for its ornamentation and arrrangement. His last term of Mayor extended into 1862, and he was thus the chief executive of the metropolis at the outbreak of the rebellion.

In 1872 Mr. Wood was again elected to Congress as a Democrat, and again took his seat in the House in 1863, after an absence from that body of twenty years. He distinguished himself in the House by his opposition to the conduct of the war, and made numerous speeches in favor of the appointment of commissioners to procure a cessation of hostilities. Mr. Wood remained in the House only two years on this occasion, but in 1866 he again became a candidate as an independent Democrat. "I desire the election," he said "as a popular rebuke to those who utter the malicious falsehood that during the war I was a 'rebel sympathizer' and disunionist." The people of the district complied with his desires, and Fernando Wood returned to the house in 1867, and has continued a member of that body ever since, democratic opposition to him gradually almost dying out in his district, although last fall there were three candidates and he was elected by a small plurality only.

Among the most notable episodes in his recent congressional career was the presentation of a resolution on February 20, 1873, to impeach Vice President Colfax on account of the Credit Mobilier business, the resolution being defeated by only four votes. By this time he had become the acknowledged leader of the democratic minority in the House, and in November following he received the Democratic nomination for Speaker on the second ballot in caucus, but was defeated in the House by Mr. Blaine. His candidacy for Speaker secured for him a place on the ways and means committee, on which he gradually rose until he became the senior Democratic member, although he was kept out of the chairmanship in 1875 by Speaker Kerr's anxiety to take good care of Mr. Morrison. In 1877, however, he was made chairman of the committee by Speaker Randall, and was continued in that position in 1879. In 1875 he was a candidate for the speakership, but finally withdrew from the canvass just before the caucus was held. Mr. Wood had long been in poor health, and was barely able to take his seat at the opening of the present session. The day after passage by the house of the funding bill, he took to his bed, and the next week left for the Hot Springs, in Arkansas, where his death occurred.

### Dan Rice Not Dead.

Last week the New York *World* announced the death in Birmingham, England, of "the original Dan Rice and once popular equestrian clown," so well and favorable known. The announcement was copied by newspapers throughout the country, and especially through Pennsylvania. It has since been ascertained that this is not our Dan Rice so well known to circus patrons, for he was only a few weeks ago announced as the very head and front of the "World's Great Show," going down the Mississippi on a palace steamer.

General Garfield's farm at Mentor is going to be worked by Mrs. Garfield's brothers during the owner's absence, presiding over the nation.—*Item.*

Of late years brothers-in-law, and other relatives of Presidents, have generally been on the lookout for more profitable and less laborious employment than working farms. Can it be possible that the brother in law will not be found among the favored of the incoming administration? What a hard-hearted relative General Garfield must be to set his wife's brothers to tilling the soil, instead of providing them with snug appointments in the civil service. Grant and Hayes took better care of their brothers-in-law. They didn't allow a single one to escape.—*Williamsport Record (Rep.)*

Representative Vanderslice of Columbia county, assumes responsibility for a bill designed to prohibit the hawking and sale by sample goods, wares and merchandise in this Commonwealth. What good purpose it is designated to serve by the passage of such a law it is difficult to understand. Buying by sample is a legitimate method of making purchases, wholesale and retail, and while it is a great convenience it also saves the merchant much annoyance and considsiderable in traveling expenses, not to speak of loss of time. This measure was concocted in selfishness and is born of a narrow, illiberal tendency.—*Scranton Republican.*

We are informed that the writer of the above has entirely mistaken the meaning of the bill. It is not to prevent the sale of goods by sample, as it is ligitimately carried on, but to prevent unlicensed vendors to travel from door to door and sell goods of every description under cover of selling by sample. The bill is favored by all the merchants of the town. It is for their protection. When the bill is printed we will give it a place in our columns.

### Senator Wallace's Plan for a District System and a Popular Vote in Presidential Elections.

Mr. Wallace was awarded the floor in the Senate upon his constitutional amendments for a district system and a popular vote by the plurality rule in Presidential elections, and spoke for an hour upon the defects and dangers which he argued were inherent in the present electoral college plan, and would be remedied by applying the principle in county, State and congressional elections (namely the choice of the person having the highest number of votes) to the Presidential contest. He was attentively heard in the Senate and by an unusually large audience in the galleries. He said his joint resolution was submitted not with any hope of immediate adoption, but as a contribution to the agitation from which alone a change could come. The anticipation of the originators of the Electoral College system, that it would secure a body of intelligent citizens upon whose judgment and integrity in the event of difficulty the country could depend, had failed, the Presidential electors being mere instruments to vote for party candidates. Practically, that system threatened the country periodically with civil war, corruption and anarchy. It was a relic of the old aristocratic theory of the Federalists, having originated with Hamilton and his confederates, who favored a life tenure for their President, and was accepted by the early Democrats only because they were obliged to take the Constitution as a whole and could not accept or reject it in part. The idea of the district system was no new one. It was suggested in the convention of 1789, and had since been elaborated from time to time. It did not contemplate an absolute consolidation by a direct vote, but would be a direct vote for the candidates in each district, as made by each State. It was as different from an election by the aggregate popular vote of the country as it was from the present system. Reviewing the details of the proposition, which provide that the votes of the district in each State are to be returned to a State canvassing board, whose return is to be the only and the conclusive proof of the result in the State; that they are then to be certified to the Speaker of the House and laid before the two houses, who are to count the votes and determine the result; that the ballot by the people is to be secret and by direct vote; that the number of districts in each State is to be equal to the whole number of its senators and members in Congress; that each district is to have one vote, and this vote to be determined by the plurality rule. Mr. Wallace said the plan of minority representation thus secured in each State would eradicate sectionalism from our politics. Under it Pennsylvania would have had in the last election probably nineteen votes for Garfield and ten for Hancock while Virginia would have given eight for Hancock and three for Garfield. The plan would not impair State independence, for although a plurality vote would elect, yet it would be found that a majority President would as frequently be elected as now. The plurality rule would obviate danger to the peace of the country to result in a tie vote in the electoral colleges or in the House of Representatives when voting for President by States. The division of a State into districts would be not upon the ratio of representation in the House, but upon a ratio which would include with the members in the house the two Senators from a State. Thus New York, with thirty three representatives in the House, would have thirty-five districts and thirty-five votes for President, while Rhode Island, with but two members of the House, would have four districts and four votes, thus preserving State individuality and State control, with sufficient of the Federal system. The correction of the vicious system of marked ballots is provided for by a secret ballot, and the disputed question of who has the right under the Constitution to count the electoral votes is settled by the return of the State being made conclusive proof and the two Houses given control of the count As the Constitution now provides that each State "shall appoint Presidential Electors in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct," the power is given to a legislature to appoint them, or to the people through the legislature to elect them either on a general ticket or by districts They are now chosen in every State upon the general ticket, but all three of these modes of choice have been in operation at one time. The proposed plan would secure uniformity as well as stability. An universal direct vote by the people would obliterate State lines and State equality and enable a few populous State to overwhelm the remainder, or, by the division of their people, a small State giving a large majority for one candidate would outweigh the voice of many larger ones. In the late election the majority in Texas for one candidate was greater than the aggregate majorities in New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio for the other. The preservation of the federative system utterly forbids the universal direct vote. It would not aid in the destruction of sectional feeling but the very reverse, for the tendency of majorities is always to grow, and when based upon passion or interest sectional majorities invariably increases. Such a rule would prepetuate bitterness, for the result would demonstrate that there was a nearly equal division of the people of the section and a decided preponderance of those of the other which would overcome the former. An universal direct vote can never be had except under a new compact in which the smaller States will agree to surrender their equality and independence, and this is neither desired nor desirable. The worst of gerrymanders is preferable to the dangers and evils of the present system.

Mr. Wallace then submitted an historical compendium, reviewing the attempts in the Constitutional Convention and in Congress for the simplification of the election of President and vice President.

### Attorney General's Report

IMPORTANT RECOMMENDATIONS IN REGARD TO TAXATION.

The following are extracts from Attorney General Palmer's report.

The number of claims placed in my hands for collection during the years 1879 and 1880 was 226, thirteen of which were subsequently withdrawn by the Auditor-General. These claims amounted to $261,631,74, and of that sum I have collected and paid into the State Treasury $133,789.01, leaving a balance still due upon the same of $127,851.73, to enforce the payment of which the necessary legal proceedings have been instituted. In addition to the amount collected upon claims certified to me in 1879 and 1880, payments were made upon claims of former years, the total collections amounting to $446,705,64.

In regard to the inequality of taxation the Attorney-General says that the feeling is so strong that assessors are unable to do their duty. They deliberately and openly return the property to one-third or one-fourth its cash value. Mortgages and money at interest are neither returned by the owner nor assessor, by a sort of tacit general understanding, and all except a small fraction escape taxation altogether.

Such evasions of the law are the rule and not the exception. Assessors who attempted to perform their plain sworn duty would be visited with stormy indignation. Because the laws are felt to be grossly inequitable, unequal and unjust, the people agree together to disregard and disobey them. Great diversity of practice exists in the different counties as to the enforcement of the Tax laws, and wide difference of opinion as to their proper interpretation. Persistent effort on the part of the Auditor-General to secure uniformity has not met with success. With such a heterogeneous mass of ill-assorted, mismatched patches there is cause for wonder that county officials are enabled to perform their duty at all.

In many States manufacturing and mining enterprises are fostered and encouraged by liberal exemption from taxation for a long term of years. In others no tax is demanded unless profits are made out of the business. In Pennsylvania, though such undertakings are the very lifeblood of her prosperity, the forbidding hand of local and State taxation smites all corporate enterprise with fourfold vigor, and drives capital away from our door and beyond our borders to enrich the stranger and beautify the stranger's land.

Such legislation is absurdly unwise and supremely unjust. The remedy is plain. It may be found in two words: "Uniformity, equality." Clear away the whole cumbersome, unwieldy, expensive and inefficient system of collectors and mercantile appraisers, the latter costing the State in various forms, upwards of $140,000 annually Make every citizen his own assessor and appraiser, Let him under oath and penalty, annually return through the township assessor to the county treasurer an estimate and valuation of his real estate, deducting incumbrances, and of his personal estate, including every asset of whatsoever nature, stocks, bonds, money at interest, debts due him, deducting only just debts owing, not liens on land, and also return the business in which engaged, with an estimate of its extent. Make it a misdemeanor to refuse or neglect to make such return or to make a false return. Require no inquisitorial or disagreeable detail, but a general estimate of value. Men do not, as a general rule, under-estimate their own possessions.—Very few would chance the pains and penalties of perjury to save a few dollars of taxes. Let the authorities levying taxes annually, at a stated time, inform the treasurer of their needs. Let him prepare his duplicate, attend in every town and township, on a stated day and place, to receive all the tax, abating for prompt payment, adding for delay. Give the county court power to exonerate uncollectable tax. Let the state Treasurer be furnished with the aggregate of each county's valuation, and assess the necessary State tax accordingly, directly upon each county, according to its valuation, give the counties all taxes, licenses, rates and assessments of whatsoever nature; and apportion the State tax as well upon the number of licenses, mercantile and other occupations, as to the value of the property in each county; give the State Board of Revision power to levy a large rate on counties in which they are satisfied a just return is not made to the extent of equalizing tax. The principle to be enforced is equality and uniformity. There can be no logical or just reason for taxing associated capital engaged in mining or manufacturing at a higher rate than individual capital, while many reasons may be urged against it. The only additional burden to be laid upon such capital should be an annual tax for the privilege of exemption from individual liability. All other taxes should be imposed on the property itself, whether real or personal, owned by the corporation, and at the same rate as though owned by individuals.

The anti-Carmeron War waxes sterner every day. Mr. Wharton Barker, who leads it and, who means to make an end of Don Cameron in and out of the Senate politically, thus puts his foot down in the *American*:

"Mr. John Cessna has been very busy around Harrisburg and other places for a week past looking after his chances of being chosen Senator. They are about as good as his chances of living in the twenty-first century. Mr. Cessna is a gentlemen who has marched too steady with the machine in days gone by for the Independent to take him up now. By way of keeping his name in the newspapers, Mr. Cessna has been enlightening the public as to what Mr. Garfield will do and will not like to see done. It is surprising how intimate the machine people are with Mr. Garfield, when there is a Senator to be elected. Mr. Conkling's friends in New York, just before matters came to a decision there, had found out that Mr. Garfield regarded Mr. Conkling as his bosom friend, and could not exist without him; but just of late Mr. Conkling's friends have been going on pilgrimages to Mentor and coming back with longest of long faces. So Mr. Cessna has found that Mr. Garfield is grieved over this family quarrel in Pennsylvania; that he wants the two factions to unite first in the selection of Senator and then in the nomination of a man for the Cabinet, and that if they wont do so he will have to pass them by. All of which is just as authentic as the stalwart story that Mr. Cameron had already refused a place in the Cabinet, and would have the nomination of the man who is to enter it from this State. We do not mean that Mr. Cessna has been passing off for fact what he knows to be fiction. We suspect that he has been pouring out his stalwart woes at Mentor, and has mistaken Mr. Garfield's excellent listening for cordial assent."

The boat race between Hanlan, of Toronto, and Laycock, of Sydney, N. S. W., over the Thames championship course for the championship of England, the Sportsman challenge cup, and £1,000, came off on the 14th and was won easily by Hanlan by about four lengths.

### Heavy Snow.

IN THE FAR NORTHWEST.

St. Paul, Minn., February 13.—Never in the history of railroading in the northwest has there been such a season of impediments as has characterized this. From the first fierce blizzard which swept the country in October to the present railroads with cuts have been particularly embarrassed in the movement of trains. The snow has drifted to the depth of twenty or thirty feet even on the prairies, where a nucleus has been found by throwing out snow from the track. All these drifts have formed to the top of the telegraph poles; and in some cases new poles have been set in the snow that communication by wire might be kept up. The recent rain packed the snow upon the track so solidly in some places that the ploughs on the engines are utterly useless, and it is necessary to shovel the snow from the road bed by hand, which is a tedious process. These drawbacks to railroading can only be realized by those who have been snow bound at extreme points on the prairies. The Hastings and Dakota divisions of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad have been buried under a bank of snow almost since the season set in—for two months. The Sioux city branch of the Chicago, St. Paul and Omaha railroad has been and still is blocaded, notwithstanding the effort of the company to raise it, and they have spared neither labor nor expense.

One train has been snow bound at Mountain Lake, about midway between St. Paul and Sioux city, since the 1st of February and is likely to be for some time to come. Yesterday the passengers could restrain their patience no longer, and, of course, rested their complaint against the company, there being no other tangible agency that could be assained.

The following resolution was passed: *Resolved*, That the responsibility rests somewhere for the diabolical outrage perpetrated upon the passengers of the train by holding them snow bound for a period of eleven days, when by reasonable energy, industry and perseverance the train could have been relieved and sickness, inconvenience and discomfort obviated. That the discovery will be made who is to blame and that the public opinion will condemn the guilty to merited infamy for imbecility, incompetency and inhumanity is the firm belief of this meeting.

### The Burdett-Coutts Millions.

London, Feb. 14.—The husband of the Baroness Burdett-Coutts ceased on Saturday to exist as Mr. Ashmead-Bartlett. The London papers harnessed his new four-in-hand name wrongly. He will be henceforth known not as Mr. Burdett-Coutts Ashmead-Bartlett, but as Mr. Ashmead Bartlett-Burdett-Coutts, the delay of a fortnight in the marriage having been caused solely to complete the formalities necessary for this change of name, and this was done at the express desire of the Baroness Burdett-Coutts herself in order to prevent the forfeiture of property under the will of Harriett, Duchess of St. Albans. So few invitations had been issued to the church that the crowd there was small, but it was very large about the house of Mrs. Trevanion, in Chester square, where the wedding breakfast took place, and Lady Kepple, Lady Sarah Lindsay (a friend from girlhood of the bride) and Mrs. Gordon, the wife of Admiral Gordon, at whose seat of Ingleden, the honeymoon is to pass, were cheered as they drove up as was also the bride, who was very richly dressed. It is the general verdict that the bride looked quite as interesting and almost as young as the bridegroom.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.


AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

State of Pennsylvania, Columbia county, ss.

Among the records and proceedings of the Common Pleas in and for said county it is inter alia thus contained.

In reassigned estate of I. John & Son.

And now February 9, 1881, in open court, on motion of W. H. Hamm, Attorney for J. M. Smith, Assignee of I. John & Son, C. G. Barkley, Esq. appointed as Auditor to distribute balance in hands of said assignee according to the second and partial account and proceedings thereon to and among the parties entitled thereto.

BY THE COURT.

Certified from the record this Fifteenth day of February, A. D., 1881.

G. M. QUICK, Deputy. WM. KRICKBAUM, Prothy.

In pursuance of the above appointment the undersigned will meet the parties interested at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday the 19th day of March, A. D. 1881, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m., at which time and place all persons having claims upon said fund will appear and prove their claims or be debarred from any share of said fund.

C. G. BARKLEY, Auditor.

feb. 1 '81-4w

**SPECULATION** Our plan of operating any sum not less than $10 in Grain is the only safe, fair and honest one yet offered investors to make money. Send for circular and full explanation. Address LOSH & NEEMAN, 144 La Salle St., Chicago, Illinois. Notice.—Losh & Neiman are recommended by bankers of their city as being in every way worthy of public confidence. F feb 11-4w

$777 A YEAR and expenses to agents. OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine. F feb 11-4w

$999 a year to agents, and expenses. $6 Outfit free. Address F. Swain & Co., Augusta, Me.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest rates for advertising in 850 good newspapers sent free. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce st., N. Y. feb 11-4w

ORGANS $30 to $1,000; 2 to 32 STOPS. PIANOS $125 up. Paper free. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J. fl4w

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Messrs Ely Bros., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.—For the past three winters I have been afflicted with catarrh and cold in the head. I applied several remedies without good results. Last winter I used your Cream Balm, and found it to be all you represention. C. F. McCormick (Judge Common Pleas) Elizabeth, N. J., Aug. 25, 1880. 4 feb 11 4w

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER.

No Remedy more Widely or favorably known. It is rapid in relieving, quick in curing. For Lame Back, Rheumatism, Kidney Affections, and aches and pains generally, it is the unrivalled remedy. feb 11 4w d

BRIDGE LETTING.

Will be at Hiram Wesner, Benton on Saturday the 26th day of February, 1881, at 11 o'clock a. m. A bridge to be erected over Westcreek in Sugarloaf, near John H. Cole's. To be a wooden brace covered bridge, 56 feet long, 16 feet wide. Abutments to be built by contractor so as to admit of skewback 2 feet from top of wall plate.

Plans and specifications can be seen at commissioners office.

STEPHEN POHE,
CHARLES REICHART,
A. B. HERRING,
County Commissioners

Commissioners' Office,
Bloomsburg, Pa., Jan. 31, '81.
Attest: J. H. CASEY, Clerk. Feb 18 2w

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

In pursuance of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, John W. Evans, Executor of George Evans, late of Briarcreek township, Columbia county, deceased, will expose to Public Sale on the premises in Briarcreek township on

Tuesday, March 22nd, 1881,

All that certain

PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND

situate in Briarcreek township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of Geo. Hess, on the west by lands of Charles Bachman, south by a public road, east by land of George Belford, containing

THIRTY-NINE ACRES

and eighty perches. Also, one other piece of land in same township, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of George Belford and on the west by George Belford, south by public road, on the east by land of H. G. Martz and George Bower, containing

ONE ACRE & NINETY-NINE PERCHES,

on which are erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

frame Barn and out-buildings. Also, one other piece of land in same township, bounded on the north by lands of H. G. Martz, on the west by lands of Ozella Mosteller, on the south by lands of Wm. Evans, and on the east by public road, containing

SIX ACRES AND SIXTEEN PERCHES

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

JOHN W. EVANS, Executor.

Feb. 18, '81-4t

EXECUTORS' SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned executors of Joshua Brink, deceased, will expose to Public Sale on the premises in Sugarloaf township on

SATURDAY, MARCH 5th, 1881,

at one o'clock in the afternoon, the following tenement and TRACT OR PIECE OF LAND situate, lying and being in the township of Sugarloaf, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a white oak, the corner of Heister's land, thence by land of Joshua Brink north eighty degrees west one hundred and twelve and a half perches to a post, thence by said land north thirty-five degrees west fifty-five perches to a chestnut tree, thence north sixty degrees west seventy perches to a post, thence by land of Montgomery Cole south seventy-four degrees west eighty-two perches to a post, thence by land of said Joshua Brink south forty-three and three-fourths degrees east forty-four perches to a post, thence by said land south twenty-four degrees west thirty-nine perches to a post, thence by said land south forty three and three-fourths degrees east sixty-one perches to a post by a public road, thence south seventy degrees east sixty-three and one-half perches to a post, thence by land of William McKelvy north sixty-one and three-fourths degrees east thirty-two perches to the place of beginning, containing

85 Acres and 65 Perches

of land be the same more or less, on which are erected a two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

barn and out-buildings.

This is one of the best FRUIT FARMS in the upper end of the county.

Terms made known on day of sale.

I. K. KRICKBAUM,
WILLIAM BRINK,
Executors.

February 1, 1881-4t

Only $20 for this style of PHILADELPHIA SINGER. Equal to any Singer in the market. *Remember, we send it to be examined before paying for it.* This is the same style other companies retail for $50. All Machines warranted for three years. Send for our Illustrated Circular and Testimonials. Address CHARLES A. WOOD & CO., 17 S. Tenth St., Philadelphia, Pa. caw

Feb. 18 '81-13w

DR. BROWNING'S C&C CORDIAL FOR COLDS AND COUGHS PRICE 25&50Cts ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT. W. CHAMPION BROWNING, M.D. SOLE PROPRIETOR. 1321 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Feb. 18, '81-1y sa8

Rowell & Co's. Adv'ts.

ATTENTION FARMERS!

In calling your attention to our new

COMBINED HINGE & ROLLER FOR FARM GATES,

We wish it fully understood that we are not offering a 'patent gate,' or any other humbug, and you have no farm rights to buy. We do, however, invite every intelligent and practical farmer in the county to an examination of what we are confident you will consider the VERY BEST DEVICE EVER INVENTED for hanging common board or farm gates. By using the COMBINED HINGE AND ROLLER, with half a dozen fence boards and a few nails, any one can, in a few minutes, make a gate that will work easier, last longer, cost less, and prove more satisfactory than any gate used on the farm. A gate hung with the hinge and roller requires no bracing, for it has no tendency to sag, nor will it loosen or draw the posts over, therefore only light posts are required. It is very easily operated, and can be set to allow small animals to pass through, and at the same time keep larger ones back. Also, you may have two gates in one by making your gates of 16 feet lumber, have a small 4 feet gate to go through on foot or horseback and a 12 feet gate, or the hinge and roller can be put on the gate you already have. IT SAVES MONEY, TIME AND LABOR, and is just what is wanted on every farm as proven by thousands that are being used wherever it has been introduced.

I want good men in every township to sell the Hinge and Roller, retail price $1. Liberal discount to dealers. WM. G. ALEXANDER, Inventor and Patentee,

FRANK J. BURROWS, Williamsport, Pa., Owner for the State of Pennsylvania.

Feb. 18, '81-1m F

WANTED Canvassers in every county in this State to take orders for Nursery Stock. Steady and Desirable Employment at GOOD WAGES. Experience in the business not required. Nurseries widely and favorably known. For terms address C. L. VAN DUSEN, Van Dusen Nurseries, Established 1852. GENEVA, N. Y., Feb. 18, '81-13t ow Also stock at wholesale.

IRON

A TRUE TONIC

A PERFECT STRENGTHENER. A SURE REVIVER.

IRON BITTERS are highly recommended for all diseases requiring a certain and efficient tonic; especially *Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Intermittent Fevers, Want of Appetite, Loss of Strength, Lack of Energy, etc.* Enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. They act like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as *Tasting the Food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc.* The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache. Sold by all druggists. Write for the A B C Book, 32 pp. of useful and amusing reading—*sent free.*

BROWN CHEMICAL CO., Baltimore, Md.

BITTERS

Feb. 18, '81-1y sa8

John Wanamaker.

DRY GOODS for JANUARY and FEBRUARY

If you cannot visit the city, send to us by postal card for *Housekeeper's Price List*, and *Underwear Price List.*

We fill orders by letter from every State and Territory at same prices charged customers who visit the store, and allow same privilege of return.

The stock includes Dress Goods, Silks, Laces, Fancy Goods, and general outfits.

This is the particular season in which to get and prepare Housekeeping Dry Goods—Sheetings, Pillow Materials, Linens, Napkins, Towels, etc. It is also the season for Ladies' Underwear. The Grand Depot contains the greatest variety of goods in one establishment in the United States, and exchanges or refunds money for things that do not suit, upon examination at home.

Grand Depot, Philadelphia.

C. B. ROBBINS,

(SUCCESSOR TO D. W. ROBBINS,) DEALER IN

Fine Brandies, Whiskies, Gins, Rums, and all kinds of Wines constantly on hand.

IMPORTED ALES AND PORTERS IN BOTTLES BY THE DOZEN.

Landlords through out the county will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

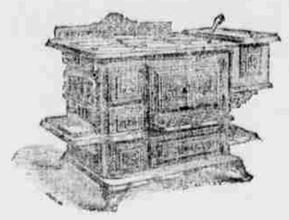
Main Street, 2nd Door below Iron.

july 9,'80-1y

1881 HAPPY THOUGHT RANGE 1881

WITH DUPLEX GRATE.

The Greatest Success in the History of Cooking Apparatus. Over Eleven Thousand Now in Use.



Will Bake day or Night with no waste of Fuel.

The Best in the Market. Economical, handsome, complete.

EXAMINE THE "HAPPY THOUGHT"

Before Purchasing your stove. You will never regret it For sale by

C. C. GALIGNAN,

DEALER IN

STOVES, HEATERS AND RANGES,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Shop in Opera House, 6th door Feb 4, 81

HEADACHE & DYSPERSIA

A CURE GUARANTEED, 25 CENTS BY USING

DR METTAUR'S HEADACHE PILLS

DR. METTAUR'S HEADACHE PILLS cure most wonderfully in a very short time both SICK and NERVOUS HEADACHE; and, while acting on the nervous system, relieve DYSPEPSIA in its worst forms, cleansing the system of excess of bile, producing a regular healthy action of the bowels.

A full size box of these valuable PILLS, with full directions for a complete cure, mailed to any address on receipt of nine 3-cent Postage Stamps. For sale by all Druggists.

SOLE PROPRIETORS, BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Oct. 15, '80-6m

CAUTION.

GET THE BEST.

ESTEY ORGANS,

STRONG COMPETITION

In the manufacture of Organs is resulting in the production and sale of cheap goods, made from inferior materials. I refer particularly to bogus Organs that are continually springing into existence, without any merit whatever, except to be offered cheap, and then when purchased found to be dear at any price. Will you not then, reader,

If you Contemplate Buying an Organ

consider it your only safeguard to select an instrument bearing the names of first class, wholly responsible makers. A good assortment of styles of the celebrated Estey Organs can now be seen at the new rooms of the Only Authorized Agent for the Estey Organs in Columbia County. A guarantee for five years from the manufacturers accompanies every Estey Organ.

J. SALTZER, Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa.

June 25, '80-tf


ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF MARY P. KARNS, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Mary P. Karns late of Benton township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

JACOB S. KARNS, Administrator.

E. H. & R. H. LITTLE, Attorneys.

Jan. 21-6w Bent. P. O.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SAMUEL RHONE, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Samuel Rhone, late of Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

G. W. HIDLEY AND, Administrator.

Jan. 21-6w

# THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1881


### PUBLIC SALES.

The heirs of W. G. Quick, deceased, will offer valuable real estate for sale on February 24th and 26th.

The executors of Joshua Brink, deceased, will sell valuable real estate in Sugarloaf on March 5th.

See advertisements in this paper.

New York city, has 747 Chinamen.

Chicago has 14 naturalized Chinamen.

200,000 valentines passed through the New York post-office,

FOR SALE.—A good truck-wagon with tongue and shafts. Apply to John G. Freeze. f 18 3-t

Several persons were admitted as members of the Baptist Church last Sunday evening.

In 1870 taxes were paid on 13,881,417 cigarettes, and in 1880 on 408,708,365.

Headache cured for 25 cents, by *Dr. Mettaur's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills.* feb41m

Bloomsburg society seems to have wakened up. There has been a number of social gatherings recently.

E B. Brower has purchased the stock of stoves and tinware of Josiah Hagenbuch, and will take immediate possession.

Quite a number of the young men of our town are engaged in removing the land slide at Berwick on the D. L. & W. R. R.

The Philologian Literary Society, will give a patriotic drama in the Normal Hall, on Tuesday evening February 22nd.

Rev. J. Wagner, of Hazleton, will preach in the Lutheran church on Sunday morning and evening.

There are only three living widows of ex-Presidents, Mrs. Polk, Mrs. Tyler, and Mrs. Lincoln.

200,000 bricks for sale. Apply to John S. or James C. Sterner, Bloomsburg. feb 4 3-w*

The high water and ice on Fishingcreek tore out the dam at John W. Hoffman's mill at Lightstreet. It will be repaired at once.

Dr. J. Jay Villers, the celebrated Humorist, will deliver one of his amusing lectures at the Opera House on Friday evening, February 25th, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A.

Edward Williams and the Cadman boys have resumed their contract in Buffalo Valley, Union county, and left for there on Tuesday morning

The Danville and Hazleton railroad, running from Sunbury to the latter place, has been seriously damaged, some of the bridges in Catawissa mountains being washed out.

'Dr. Seller's Cough Syrup' will ensure you a good night's rest. It is the best cough medicine in the market. Price 25 cents. feb114w

A valuable horse of William Parsel dropped dead in his harness on Thursday last week, while hauling ore. It had shown no symptoms of illness.

All persons having wheat and rye for sale should call on H. W. Aul, Espy Depot, before selling elsewhere.

Who eat the first oyster? is the conundrum propounded by a New York Journal. Why, we thought every one knew that the first oyster was eaten by a swallow

FOR SALE OR RENT.—Snyder's tannery, located in Bloomsburg, is for sale or rent. Possession given April 1st, 1881. For price and terms apply to C. W. Neal or F. P. Billmeyer Bloomsburg, Pa. jan 7tf

Hiram Reece offers for sale the property on Market street formerly owned by W. E. Sterner. It is a corner lot with good buildings and will be a bargain for any one desiring a fine town residence. See advertisement.

Every thing was quiet on election day. There was but little excitement. The only office on which any fight was made was Justice of the Peace, there being four candidates. We give the vote elsewhere

The peculiarity of the A. S. T. Co. Black Tip is that it is independent of the upper, and protect the toe from wear, without endangering the upper from ripping, as is the case with the toe caps

One of the best Democrats in the county informs us that when the COLUMBIAN reaches his house it is at once cut in two, so that two can read it at the same time. It is very gratifying to know that our efforts to make a good paper are appreciated.

The Danville *Intelligencer* denies the prevalence of smallpox in that place, and, says that a few cases, one varioloid, occurred in that place, at one house, but the authorities enjoined sanitary care and measures and it has not spread beyond the family mentioned.

The regular monthly meeting of the Gospel Temperance Union will be held in the Methodist church on Tuesday evening next, February 22nd. A full attendance is requested as there is business of importance to transact.

Mr. Peter Baldy, organist of Christ Church, Danville, and his well trained male choir, sang at the Wednesday evening service at the Episcopal church. J. M. Peck preached the sermon. There was quite a large congregation present.

The *Banner* says:

People have little idea to what extent the carrying of deadly weapons prevails in Williamsport. In a certain public room the other night a young man pulled out a new kind of pistol, which he wanted to show the virtues of, and out of eight persons in the assemblage, five pulled pistols from their pockets. The habit is mostly confined to young men.

The Illustrated Guide Book to Washington City, noting every place and object of interest at the National Capital, and containing a map showing the route of the procession on the 4th of March, and among other illustrations a view of the new museum where the grand inaugural ball is to given. The views alone are worth more than the price of the book. Price 25 cents. Address J. H. Soule, Washington, D. C. Mention this paper.

There has been much fear that great damage would be done by high water. Last week the rain and warm weather swelled the streams all over the country, and damage was done in many place. Mahanoy and Schuylkill at Mauch Chunk were flooded. The Delaware, Juniata and Susquehanna rivers in many places over flowed their banks, and several cases of drowning have been reported. Greater damage was prevented by the cold snap that set in on Sunday and locked up the snow on the hills. The high water has all gone down.

The members of the Fire board met on Tuesday evening of last week, and fixed Saturday the 12th, between the hours of 6 and 8 p. m., as the time for the election of officers of the Fire Department. Messrs. Fry, Verry and Woodhouse were inspectors of the election, and G. A. Herring, President of Town council acted as Judge, in accordance with the rules of the department. There was a full vote polled by the firemen, and the result was the election of William Weiss, Chief Engineer, Elias R. Fornwalt, Assistant Engineer, and W. B. Lemon and Asa Hess, Engineers. Their commissions expire the first regular meeting in January 1st, 1882.

Cash paid for oats by W. C. Richart, Iron street below Main, Bloomsburg.

The "Virginia Veteran" will be rendered by the Philologian Society on the 22nd of February.

The Ladies of the Presbyterian church will give a supper this Friday evening from 5.30 to 10 o'clock, in the store room formerly occupied by W. C. McKinney. Patronize them. Supper 35 cents.

Dr. J. Jay Villers is endorsed by the press and pulpit everywhere His lecture is exceedingly funny, but perfectly refined. He has delivered it many times for the benefit of religious denominations. Go and hear him on the 25th.

It must not be understood that everything advertised in a newspaper is recommended and endorsed by the editor. He has no better means of knowing who are humbugs among advertisers than his readers have. No honest editor will advertise what he knows to be a swindle, though there are such advertisements that get into almost every paper in the country. As a general rule, we would advise our readers to pay no attention to advertisements that promise immense profits, and ask for a small sum of money to be sent for samples. If the business is legitimate, and the advertiser trustworthy, he would not hesitate to state publicly what it is that pays such handsome profits.

For rent from the first of April, 1881—A Store Room and also two communicating rooms on second floor in the East building. Apply to N. U. Funk. Feb4tf

### PERSONAL.

Mr. Cyrus B. McHenry called on us in our sanctum recently. His visits are always pleasant. He will soon enter upon his duties as Mercantile Appraiser, and everybody who is acquainted with him knows that they will be faithfully and satisfactorily performed.

Mr. David Pritchard, a former resident of this place, but now of Michigan, is visiting his father at Light Street.

I. W. McKelvy has been confined to the house for several days past, by illness.

W. C. McKinney was in Philadelphia this week.

Ex-county commissioner Herner was in town on Wednesday.

### WHO IS THE VILLAIN?

During the past winter a number of ladies have been attacked on the streets at night by an unknown man. The outrage was repeated on Monday evening in front of Rev. D. J. Waller's residence, between six and seven o'clock. As two ladies were passing there a man rushed upon them, and seizing one of them by the arms attempted to throw her down; but being alarmed by the screams of the ladies he fled. The only description of the man that we have been able to obtain is that he wore a cap. The audacity of this villain is startling. Most of these attacks have been made early in the evening, when people were moving about on the streets, and in places where cries for help could easily be heard No one seems to have any suspicion of the offender: but if he is found out he should be summarily dealt with. If he should be soundly thrashed we do not believe he would prosecute anybody for assault and battery. If the thing continues, the vigilance of the police force should be increased, and some means adopted for the capture of the scoundrel or scoundrels. It is not safe for a woman to go out of the house after dark now.

### HARRISBURG LETTER.

**Harrisburg, Feb 15th, 1881.**

I last wrote you upon the eve of the anticipated change in the senatorial situation. That change has taken place, but it has left matters in a much worse shape than before. The first disturbance of the old order of things occurred on Wednesday when twelve Democrats left Wallace and cast their votes for Chas S. Wolfe, of Union. These Democrats were Senators Nelson, Groff and Gordon and Representatives Ackley, Ammerman, Bierly, Boland, Coolbaugh, McCachran, McNulty, Woodruff and Lockwood. This diversion in Wolfe's favor was evidently made with the intention of breaking up the old lines in which event Wolfe and a few of his democratic friends had calculated that the disorganized elements would concentrate upon the doughty reform leader from Union, but their calculations were far short of the mark as the sequel proved, for on Wednesday night when caucuses were held by both factions to determine upon a line of policy for the morrow, Wolfe ignominiously failed in securing the endorsement of the bolters' caucus although strenuous efforts were made in his behalf. Hon. Thomas M. Bayne, of Allegheny was unanimously chosen as the residuary legatee of the Hon Galusha A. Grow, whose name was withdrawn absolutely. This action, of course, crushed the incipient support of Wolfe amongst the Democrats. In the caucus of the regulars, after a heated discussion, Oliver's name was withdrawn, and that of Gen. James A. Beaver substituted in its stead. And so a new order of things was inaugurated, and Thursday morning witnessed an expectant crowd in the lobbies of the Hall of Representatives to see its effect upon the joint assembly. The monotonous call of the roll began but soon from the voting it was evident that the relative strength of the old candidates had been transferred intact to their successors, and that the same dogged determination to hold out was still cherished by both sides. Two ballots were taken, which resulted as follows, so far as the principal candidates were concerned: 1st ballot, Beaver, 63; Bayne, 62; Wallace, 86 2nd ballot Beaver, 68; Bayne, 60; Wallace 86. The ballot on Friday, which was the last day a full vote was cast, showed no change. Since Friday there has not been a quorum in the joint convention and the proceedings have been distressingly monotonous. It is clearly manifest to every one now that the situation has not been bettered by the change of candidates; If there has been any change at all in the feeling between the two factions it is for the worse. The regulars were very angry over the refusal of the bolters to endorse the nomination of Beaver. The bolters, on the other hand, were angered at the course pursued by Grow, who is suspected by many to have sold out for a prominent position in Garfield's Cabinet, which he doesn't stand the slightest chance of getting Wolfe is said to have had an interview with Cameron, in which he (Wolfe) is represented as having declared that he was determined to stand firm to the end against Beaver. So the dead lock still exists. There are speculators who declare that it will be off on Thursday of this week, but by what positive signs this break up is forecast I am utterly unable to indicate. The only positive results of last week's proceedings are, that the star of the political ascendancy of the very young statesman from Allegheny, Oliver, has culminated and set forever, that Grow, an old political chicken, has been caught upon the chaff of insincere promises, and that General James A. Beaver has hopelessly ruined his chances for the gubernatorial nomination next year, and has left the way clear for the Hon. Thomas Y. Cooper, of Delaware.

Legislative work, of course, still remains at a stand still Houses without a quorum are poor places for the consideration of bills. One measure, however, has become a law, viz: the bill consolidating the offices of receiver and collector of delinquent taxes in Philadelphia. This bill was, strange to say, favored in its passage by both its friends and its enemies, by its friends in hopes that the Governor would sign it; by its enemies in hope that he would veto it, but the Executive has acted, and there be called it was with the end of the term of Philadelphia, but there is one less ring office there. A.

The license of J. F. Caldwell was refused by the court on Wednesday.

LOST—On Sunday evening, a seal ring with blood stone setting. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office.

Holmes & Schuyler have something to say about us this week in their essay on "Scissors." We must admit that the scissors sold by them are of great assistance to an editor.

Our second page is printed in new Long Primer type this week. It is a larger face than the type we have been using, but about the same body, so that we can give just as much reading matter as heretofore.

At a meeting held by several citizens one evening last week it was decided to organize a Land League in this town. No further steps have yet been taken.

A donation will be held at the M. E. parsonage, Buckhorn on the afternoon and evening of Thursday March 3rd. All persons are cordially invited to attend.

BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

"Bric-a-Brac" which was announced for the 19th has been postponed until March 5th. It is a first class play by an excellent company, and the managers of the Opera House should be liberally supported in their efforts to furnish the amusement loving public with good entertainments.

### UNWHOLESOME WELLS.

The great trouble with wells is that in the course of years the ground around the house and barn become so impregnated with sewage and other contaminations as to affect the water. In the first report of the Massachusetts Board of Health, Dr. Derby says: 'As a rule, a well receives drainage from a superficial circular area whose diameter is from one to three times the depth of the well, varying with the character of the soil. On this principle, no well thirty feet deep should have a privy, pig pen, barn yard or cess pool withinin fifty feet of it in any direction, nor should any slops of the house or refuse of any kind be thrown upon the ground within the area of this circle. How many farms are there on which this principle is not violated? It is not a sufficient reply to say that the family have drank from such wells with impunity for a score or more of years. It must be remembered that when the wells were first dug the water was pure, but the ground has been gradually impregnated with foul matter which, it it has not already permeated to the water, will finally reach and contaminate it. After a fatal case of typhoid fever it will be too late to resort to a crystal spring.'

If you want to get rid of pimples, boils, tetter, &c., use 'Lindsey's Blood Searcher.' Sold by all druggists. feb 114w

### THE TOWN ELECTION.

There were 672 votes polled on Tuesday. Last fall their were 820. The following is the result of the election.

| | E. | W. | Total |
|---|---|---|---|
| *President of Council.* | | | |
| G. A. Herring | 244 | 136 | 380 |
| E. R. Drinker | 136 | 136 | 271 |
| Wm. Neal | 1 | | 1 |
| *Members of Council.* | | | |
| Wm. Rabb | 507 | 269 | 776 |
| Geo. Hassert | 501 | 291 | 792 |
| J. K. Lockard | 504 | 308 | 812 |
| C. W. Neal | 261 | 253 | 514 |
| I. W. Hartman | 219 | 232 | 451 |
| G. W. Correll | 229 | 246 | 475 |
| *Justice of the Peace.* | | | |
| John M. Clark | 145 | 88 | 233 |
| T. J. Morris | 109 | 133 | 242 |
| J. J. Brower | 80 | 42 | 122 |
| C. R. Housel | 44 | 11 | 55 |
| *Constable.* | | | |
| R. Harris | 307 | 164 | 471 |
| D Laycock | 216 | 172 | 388 |
| M C. Woodward | 229 | 202 | 431 |
| *School Directors* | | | |
| Stephen Knorr | 461 | 270 | 731 |
| J. C. Brown | 243 | 261 | 504 |
| *Judge of Election.* | | | |
| George Lockard | 234 | | |
| Caleb Barton | 128 | | |
| *Inspector* | | | |
| Peter Jones | 234 | | |
| L. D. Kase | 130 | | |
| *Judge of Election.* | | | |
| J. K. Ever, | | 123 | |
| C. A. Klein, | | 143 | |
| *Inspector.* | | | |
| J. K Girton, | | 139 | |
| F. M. Everet, | | 124 | |
| *Assessor* | | | |
| L. B. Rupert | 325 | 221 | 546 |
| Isaiah Hagenbuch | 252 | 249 | 501 |

Headache, all bilious disorders, dyspepsia and constipation cured by *Dr. Mettaur's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills* Price 25 cents. feb41m

[Communicated.]

TO THE EDITOR OF THE COLUMBIAN:

SIR:—Some time before the late February election, the undersigned suggested to a number of persons, members of the Democratic party in the town of Bloomsburg, the propriety of electing delegates to form a town ticket, under the same general rules and regulations governing the election of delegates to a county convention.

The suggestion did not meet with favor, and the course proposed was not adopted.

The result was, the assembling of what is popularly known as *a caucus*, and amidst the usual confusion of such a volunteer body, in a hall not arranged for public meetings, what was intended to be a Democratic town ticket was formed. One candidate supposed himself to have been unfairly treated, and he announced himself as, and became a volunteer candidate before the people. The result was, that the Democratic vote was divided and the Democratic candidate for the Justice of the Peace was defeated. The Republican candidate was elected in a town fairly and undoubtedly Democratic.

Other matters which entered into the making up of this result need not be here discussed. It is enough to state the fact.

For the uncertainty and irregularity of the voting, we refer to the election tables, published in this issue, and submit that it is not the sort of voting that ought to have been done.

In good old Democratic times the watchword of the party was "The ticket, the whole ticket, and nothing but the ticket," and under that party slogan we carried the country from Maine to Mexico. Then the opposition, whether under the party name of Federalist Whig Antimason, Knownothing, &c., &c., cast into our teeth as a reproach, the fealty to party voting. And they kept on abusing us until some weak-kneed Democrats thought that promiscuous voting showed liberal mindedness, and were accordingly. They forgot the faith of Reign of the old men and his sons, and the bundle of sticks. We shall never succeed, and we ought not to succeed until we return to our ticket fealty. And this is the rule, ought to be and must be the rule in local county, state and national affairs. Individual opinion and preference should and must give way to the general wish and judgment We cannot have personal choice, but our choice must be *the ticket* when formed.

I am now more than ever satisfied that if my suggestion had been accepted, and delegates had been elected and a convention held, no difficulty or misunderstanding could have occurred. My idea was to elect one delegate for every twenty-five democratic voters, and then we should have all fish but the ticket was the action of the party fairly represented. Then there could be no reason for a Democrat seeking Republican help, and thereby obliging himself subsequently to repay that help, by declining a portion of his own party ticket. Such things never cease. The arrangement of "you tickle my knee and I'll tickle your elbow," goes on and on in a widening circle.

Who profits by our dissensions? Who is strengthened by our weaknesses? Where do we stand when the returns are counted? I was a office seeker, but I want peace, harmony and party fealty, and for these views and opinions, I give you my name.

JOHN G. FREEZE

### OPINIONS.

The nakedness of the indigent world, may be clothed from the trimmings of the vain 'Gold smith.'

Sufferers form disordered stomach, billiousness, etc., can be cured by Spring Blossom. Foster, Milburn & Co., Buffalo. Prices $1, 50 cents, and trial bottles 10 cents.

### BERWICK NOTES.

Feb, 16th, 1881.

During the thaw last week, considerable anxiety was exhibited concerning the bridge that spans the river at this place. The heavy cakes of ice tore away the planks that faced the piers for the purpose of protection against the ice, and for a while it seemed as if the piers were in serious danger. No further damage, however, was done.

The election passed off quietly yesterday. The vote fell far short of that of November the 2nd. With the exceptions of four, all the new officers are Republicans.

The frozen fields afforded a little skating to the lovers of this sport, during the past two days.

Rev. Waller, of Bloomsburg, lectured last evening in Association Hall on Self Education. The audience listened attentively and were well pleased with the lecture.

The new Library, connected with the Y. M. C. A. contains a large selection of books. The arrangement and classification of the books, accomplished by the gentlemanly librarian, Mr. Kimberly, are everything that could be desired.

Nearly every evening, about twenty-four young ladies may be seen wending their way out to the hall, unaccompanied by the omnipresent young man. The inquisitive make vain efforts to see what they do in the hall. They hear marching and music, but no more. The invariable answer to questions concerning the exercise, is "Practising the Fan Drill." The 28th of this month will reveal to the public the secret. On the evening of that day, an exhibition will be given for the benefit of the Presbyterian church.

### ECHOES.

There are few voices in the world, but many echoes. There are few if any medicines in the world that are better for bilious-ness, indigestion or sick headache than Spring Blossom. Prices $1, 50 cents, and trial bottles 10 cents.

Benj. G. Welch, of Riverside, Northumberland county, who is receiver of the Muncy Creek railroad, owns and represents a majority of the bonds of the company. Surveys were made several years ago and the grading done for its extension a number miles up Muncy creek with the view of extending it into Sullivan county.

### A BACHELOR.

Free from satiety care and anxiety, charms in variety fall to his share,
Bacchus's blisses and Venus's kisses, this boys, this, is the bachelor's fare,
But when indigestion assails, and you cannot get rest,
Who but wife can administer Spring Blossom the best.
Prices $1, 50 cents, and trial bottles 10 cents.

## LADY'S SOLILOQUY.

TIME—January and February.
PLACE—Home.
SUBJECT—As follows:

"Now let me think: the Holidays are over, and for these two months I really believe I shall have more time than during any part of the year. In March and April spring dress goods will come out, so my time will be taken up then, and I'm sure I don't want to have much on hand when warm weather comes; so I'll just see what I need for Housekeeping, get the things ready, and make them up.

"There are sheets, pillow-cases, and perhaps some other articles for bedding; then I must have a supply of table-cloths, napkins, towels, and—and—oh! a good many things, so I'll send a postal card for a *Housekeeper's Price List*, and see what I do want." If I go to the city I can then have my memorandum made up, and if I don't go I'll order by letter, as I have done before, and get promptly just what I want at the same prices that I would pay if in person.

"Of course something *might* not be *just exactly* as I expect it, so I must send my order to a store that will let me exchange or will pay my money back if I want it. To do this, and have the greatest variety of goods in any one establishment in the United States to select from, I must address my postal card 'JOHN WANAMAKER, GRAND DEPOT, PHILADELPHIA.'

"There, I came near forgetting! This is a good time to make up underwear, too; so I'll add to my postal card—'*Send me an Underwear Price List*,' and see if it won't be cheaper to get it already made, and save all that tiresome cutting, sewing and trimming."

Fred Amos, Tyler Street, Rochester, writes, Your Spring Blossom is wonderful, I never used anything that acted so well on the Bowels, and at the same time was so freed from the Drastic properties of medicine usually sold for the purpose. Prices: 1., 50 cents, and trial bottles 10 cents.

## Deaths.

SNYDER—In Orangeville on the 9th inst., William Ralph Snyder, infant son of William and Sarah Snyder, aged 5 months and 14 days.

## Business Notices

I am paying the highest cash price for Wheat, Rye, Clover and Timothy Seed.
H. W. AUL Espy Depot.

I am paying 70cts for Rye. feb 18 2-w

Hon. George N. Corson, Norristown, says: The Phœnix Pectoral is indispensable in my family. It acts like a charm in curing coughs and colds with the children, and I always use it when addressing a jury. Price 25 cents. C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg. apr16-1y

Lutz & Sloan have a large assortment of Table Linens Napkins and Towels very cheap.

Good Clover Seed wanted by Silas Young at Lightstreet. jan 28 81 4 w

RED HORSE POWDER cures more horses, mules and sheep than any other medicine. Sure every time. oct 23, '80-1yeow

Wm. C. McKinney has removed his stock into his new building across the street, and extends a cordial invitation to every one to call.

Clearing Out Winter Goods
to make room for
Extensive Alterations at
The Popular Clothing
Store of
Davi Lowenberg.

Conner is selling his stock of Queensware Glassware and wood and Willow ware at reduced rates to save moving call and see him. feb 18 2w

Lutz & Sloan will sell Appleton A Muslin yet a short time for 8½ cts. a and by the bolt.

Handsome Shoes and Slippers at McKinney's Boot and Shoe Bazaar.

500 nice white thrifty shotes wanted by Silas Young, Lightstreet, that are 2½, 3, 4, 5 to 6 months old that weigh from 25 lbs, 30, 35, 40, 45 50 to 60 lbs, each.
Persons that want to buy shotes please call around, I handle from 30, 40 to 50 shotes per week.
dec. 24, '80-2m.

You will find the best grade of Sugars and Syrup always at Conner's.

See the Ruchings, Neckties and Embroideries in Lutz and Sloan's windows.

Hats and Caps at
Cost for Thirty Days
at D. Lowenberg's.

See a woman picking a bunch of grapes in another column, at Speer's Vineyards, from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged. Sold by C. A. Klein. jan 7'801y

Harriet A. Newkirk, of Salem, says: I was cured of tetter in my hand by three applications of Camphor Milk. My husband was cured of old running sores by using it. It cured my son of a sprained ankle. Price 25 cents Sold by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg. april 16, '80,1y

Important Notice to Parties Attending Court.
For Thirty Days Great Bargains
Can be Bought in Clothing.
You can buy a Winter Suit or Overcoat At Cost.
Must Be Sold to make room for
ALTERATIONS IN BUILDING
at David Lowenberg's

### HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

It seems strange that any one will suffer from the many derangements brought on by an impure condition of the blood, when SCOVIL'S BLOOD and LIVER SYRUP will restore perfect health to the physical organization It is indeed a strengthening syrup, pleasant to take, and has proven itself to be the best blood purifier ever discovered. effectually curing Scrofula, Syphilitic diseases, Weakness of the Kidneys, all Nervous disorders and Debility. It corrects indigestion. It makes the old feel young, and the young feel gay; and will invariably drive out of the system the many ills that human flesh is heir to. A single bottle will prove to you its merits as a health renewer, for it acts like a charm, especially when the complaint is of an exhaustive nature, having a tendency to lessen the natural vigor of the brain and nervous system. oct 22,'801yeow

100000 lbs. of good prime pork wanted in the next eight weeks by Silas Young, Lightstreet. I want hogs that dress 50 lbs. 60, 75, 100, 125, 150, 175, 200, 225, 250 up to 275 lbs. apiece. I always want my pork dressed on Saturday and brought in early on Monday morning. Persons wishing to buy pork, please call around early on Monday mornings. dec. 25, '80-2m.

Binghamton Boots | Buy them at McKinney's.

### HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all kinds of Skin Eruptions Freckles and Pimples. The salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Be sure to get Henry's Carbolic salve, as all others are but imitations. Price 25 cents. For sale by all druggists. oct 22, '80-1yeow

His Boots were leather | and made to stand the weather for he bought them at McKinney's.

"WALNUT LEAF HAIR RESTORER" is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water, and as its name indicates, is agreeable. Vegetable Hair Restorer and does not in any manner affect the health when Sulphur, Sugar of Lead and Nitrate of Silver preparations have done. It will immediately free the head from all Dandruff. Restors gray Hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Every bottle is warranted. Ask your druggist for it. For sale at MOYER BROS., Bloomsburg, Pa. Smith, Kline & Co., Philadelphia, and Hall & Ruckell, New York, Wholesale Agents. oct. 22, 80-1f

The highest cash price paid for wheat by Z. T. Fowler, at Willow Grove. No difference as to variety. Rye 75 cents a bushel. Avondale Red Ash Coal, 4. 5. and 6. always on hand. Railroad Ties taken in exchange for coal, or cash will be paid for them. jan 28 8-w*.

She wore french heeled shoes | with opera toes and said she bought them at McKinney's.

## Our Questions.

Are you a buyer of Men's or Boys' Clothing at retail? Do you need clothing for the farm, the office, the work-shop, the court-room, or the pulpit? Do you want boys' clothing for the school-room, or for dress? Do you prefer to buy clothing ready-made or to order? Are you in need of shirts?

If yes, to any or all of these queries, state your needs to us, that we may send you samples and prices.

## Your Question

is, Will this pay for the trouble? You must judge. We will make up the case,—you must decide it. But we must tell you that we have created the Largest Retail Clothing Business in the United States by the simple method of giving the best clothing for the least money. We mean that it shall pay you to buy of us. If you buy and are not pleased, return the goods for exchange, or demand your money.

## Wanamaker and Brown,

S. E. Cor. Sixth & Market Sts.
PHILADELPHIA.

## STATEMENT OF THE FINANCES
OF THE
## COUNTY OF COLUMBIA

From January 1st, 1880 to January 1st, 1881.

Statement showing taxes assessed and balance still due.

| DISTRICTS. | ASSESSED. County Tax. | ASSESSED. Dog Tax. | ASSESSED. State Tax. | STILL DUE. County. | STILL DUE. Dog. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Beaver | $728 77 | $88 50 | 12 92 | 66 97 | 68 50 |
| Benton | 1006 93 | 64 50 | 22 70 | 572 42 | 64 50 |
| Berwick | 1655 75 | 45 00 | 155 83 | 684 11 | 45 00 |
| Bloom | 4668 97 | 83 00 | 135 35 | 2566 65 | 83 00 |
| Briarcreek | 1454 10 | 78 00 | 37 84 | 667 84 | 78 00 |
| Catawissa | 2002 47 | 79 00 | 175 20 | 814 78 | 79 00 |
| Centralia | 769 62 | | 4 35 | 769 95 | |
| Centre | 1872 47 | 86 50 | 69 55 | 1002 80 | 86 50 |
| Conyngham | 2956 24 | 7 00 | 80 | 852 49 | 7 00 |
| Fishingcreek | 1339 66 | 95 00 | 45 29 | 654 58 | 95 00 |
| Franklin | 4656 07 | 234 50 | 412 20 | 1450 18 | 234 50 |
| Greenwood | 1490 78 | 101 00 | 67 40 | 1154 37 | 101 00 |
| Hemlock | 1202 97 | 60 50 | 11 20 | 629 13 | 60 50 |
| Jackson | 833 81 | 51 00 | 4 40 | 141 44 | 51 00 |
| Locust | 1449 59 | 76 50 | 16 71 | 709 96 | 76 50 |
| Madison | 1211 68 | 79 00 | 21 22 | 309 51 | 79 00 |
| Main | 736 24 | 47 50 | 24 25 | 176 39 | 47 50 |
| Mifflin | 1227 09 | 68 50 | 16 60 | 516 19 | 68 50 |
| Montour | 1017 39 | 51 50 | 17 70 | 276 92 | 51 50 |
| Mt. Pleasant | 718 58 | 55 00 | 69 94 | 368 53 | 55 00 |
| Orange | 1612 38 | 80 50 | 80 70 | 519 52 | 80 50 |
| Pine | 479 29 | 59 00 | 2 21 | 321 99 | 59 00 |
| Roaringcreek | 493 26 | 44 00 | 7 82 | 116 97 | 44 00 |
| Scott | 1654 50 | 69 50 | 111 51 | 483 46 | 69 50 |
| Sugarloaf | 436 98 | 69 50 | 2 65 | 439 18 | 69 50 |
| | $35925 38 | 1544 00 | 1081 10 | 14670 99 | 1524 00 |

AMOUNT DUE FOR YEARS PREVIOUS TO 1880.

| Districts and Collectors | Year | Co. | Dog. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Benton, F S Smith, | 1879 | $294 84 | 56 00 |
| Bloom, A L Fritz, | 1879 | 903 34 | 99 00 |
| Briarcreek, John F Miller | 1879 | 312 74 | 52 50 |
| Centralia, Thomas Geraghty | 1879 | 575 25 | 6 00 |
| Centre, Joseph Wagner | 1879 | 1174 65 | 86 50 |
| Hemlock, Wm F Foust | 1879 | 178 89 | 56 00 |
| Montour, Wm H Weaver | 1879 | 177 40 | 51 00 |
| Greenwood, Jacob S Evans | 1878 | 321 18 | 42 00 |
| Hemlock, A B Hartman | 1878 | 181 34 | 7 00 |
| Madison, James Welliver | 1878 | 79 00 | 14 00 |
| Sugarloaf, Wm A Kile | 1878 | 81 53 | 9 20 |
| Conyngham, Aaron Person | 1877 | 300 50 | 8 00 |
| Catawissa, Joseph Martz | 1876 | 96 45 | 35 50 |
| Conyngham, Aaron Person | 1876 | 185 41 | 9 00 |
| Catawissa, Joseph Martz | 1875 | 494 60 | 14 50 |
| | | $4532 22 | $488 20 |

H A Sweppenhiser, Treasurer of Columbia county, in account with said county on county funds January 1st, 1880. DR.

| | |
|---|---|
| To am't uncollected prior to 1880 | $18610 34 |
| " " on hand at last settlement | 1122 30 |
| " county tax assessed in 1880 | 29525 98 |
| " tax on regis.ry of voters | 272 50 |
| " added tax on Catawissa duplicate for '79 | 9 16 |
| " Frank Jones, rent for old jail | 35 0 |
| " H G John for Wm Harnerex, tax | 96 |
| " costs paid by E J Albertson | 2 00 |
| " Isaac Hess, old brick | 75 |
| " am't paid by Montour county—Books vs. Danville borough | 178 75 |
| " Frank Jones, old fence | 1 00 |
| " county tax on assessed lands | 1384 19 |
| " county tax on seated lands | 405 04 |
| " road tax on unseated lands | 937 95 |
| " to road tax on seated lands | 358 70 |
| " school tax on unseated lands | 1616 23 |
| " school tax on seated lands | 514 42 |
| " poor tax on unseated lands | 665 97 |
| " poor tax on seated lands | 257 35 |
| " special poor tax on unseated lands | 146 89 |
| " special poor tax on seated lands | 6 31 |
| " special road tax on unseated lands | 741 11 |
| " special road tax on seated lands | 31 91 |
| " seated land tax since distribution | 23 80 |
| " unseated land tax since distribution | 99 14 |
| " Wm Krickbaum, jury fees, &c | 45 70 |
| " assessing, managing, etc., of dog fund | 500 00 |
| CR. | $30,422 81 |

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE AND COURT HOUSE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wm L Manning, Auditor | $ 15 00 |
| S E Smith " | 15 00 |
| C B Scesholtz " | 15 00 |
| Jacob Metz, repairing stove drawer | 4 50 |
| C M Drinker " vault lock &c | 4 50 |
| J B Casey, stating accts for 1879 | 25 00 |
| " Hess bridge | 3 91 |
| " I O Hess do | 5 00 |
| J C Sterner, repairing | 5 00 |
| C Krug, lumber &c. for Court House | 20 17 |
| R Harris rep lounge Comr's office | 6 00 |
| Thos Gerry rep Law Library and office | 53 78 |
| Mosier Safe & Lock Co, safe treas office | 181 00 |
| Ed Searis painting roof court house | 4 00 |
| Rollins, Holmes & S. bill rendered | 11 55 |
| C C Galligan " | 19 45 |
| M J Casey plastering | 3 00 |
| Lewis Bernard repairing town clock | 7 00 |
| G M & J K Lockard bill rendered | 10 78 |
| Wm Crisman et al for work at office | 24 50 |
| B L Thomas 3 gross pens | 2 00 |
| L Runyon & Co bill rendered | 5 07 |
| B F Hice step ladder for court house | 4 00 |
| H H Sands for wood | 2 00 |
| O A Jacoby for coal | 50 79 |
| D K Coffman repairing blinds court room | 1 00 |
| I Hagenbuch repairing stove | 1 65 |
| M H Fry repairing court room | 75 |
| P Billmeyer bill rendered | 3 65 |
| E Mendenhall Agt Lumber court house | 14 40 |
| M Cox cleaning court house, &c | 85 68 |
| John Cox " " | 1 00 |
| Gas Co for gas | 90 63 |
| Stephen Pohle, Commissioner | 378 50 |
| Chas Reichart " | 208 80 |
| A B Herring " | 357 00 |
| E K Ikeler attorney | 170 00 |
| J B Casey clerk | 170 00 |
| | $2,890 37 |

COUNTY JAIL.

| | |
|---|---|
| Stephen Knorr, bill rendered | $ 3 91 |
| P Jones repairs | 3 60 |
| W Ritter painting | 13 50 |
| Harman & Bassett repairs | 2 00 |
| Geo Zimmerman bill rendered | 2 65 |
| C L Pohe et al filling bed ticks | 4 95 |
| T Gorry repairing | 30 00 |
| Rollins, Holmes & S. nails | 70 |
| C C Galligan repairs | 253 85 |
| C E Hower plastering | 1 50 |
| Jas Calaman, Agt furniture | 7 25 |
| C Krug lumber | 50 |
| R S Ent, bill rendered | 2 70 |
| W C Evans repairing barrow | 2 00 |
| E Mendenhall, Agt lumber | 5 04 |
| O A Jacoby coal | 115 59 |
| Lutz & Sloan, bill rendered | 2 26 |
| L Gross, clothing | 6 40 |
| J Beagle, wood | 3 00 |
| Al Freas, trees | 3 00 |
| L Runyon & Co bill rendered | 3 07 |
| J T Jones, stone floor cellars | 42 79 |
| B F Hice, step ladder | 4 00 |
| C Reichart, blank for stable | 4 84 |
| Wm Purcell, wood | 5 00 |
| C A Klein medicine | 3 50 |
| W W Barret, work about prison | 240 20 |
| D Lowenberg, clothing | 13 00 |
| W C McKinney, shoes | 4 50 |
| P Billmeyer, bill rendered | 6 94 |
| I W McKelvy " | 32 48 |
| H W McIlvey holds, tending prisoners | 7 00 |
| Gas Co gas | 13 00 |
| U H Ent, boarding prisoners | 41 50 |
| U H Ent, washing &c | 68 31 |
| | $1,429 66 |

PRINTING, STATIONARY & POSTAGE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Elwell & Eittenbender, Co Statement | $25 00 |
| " election proclamation | 26 00 |
| " advertising | 17 50 |
| " blanks | 22 50 |
| C M Vandersilce, County Statement | 25 00 |
| " election proclamation | 26 00 |
| " advertising | 13 50 |
| " blanks | 3 50 |
| James C Brown, County Statement | 25 00 |
| " election proclamation | 26 00 |
| " court | 3 00 |
| " blanks | 8 50 |
| " advertising | 15 00 |
| G E Meyers, County Statement | 25 00 |
| " election proclamation | 26 00 |
| " blanks | 4 85 |
| D A Beckley, postage and box rent | 14 75 |
| G A Clark, stationary for office and court | 30 00 |
| W F Bisel & Bro " | 10 60 |
| Wm Mann, " | 17 80 |
| F L

### Her Last Sleigh Ride.

'Oh mamma! it is snowing!' 'Yes, darling, it has just begun.' 'Isn't it nice, mamma; you know I wanted to live to hear the sleigh bells again?' 'Hush, my child, mamma will not let you die. No, darling, you shall have many sleigh rides yet before you die.' 'No, not many, mamma; if I could have but just one it would be so nice. A little girl who had seen the snow come and go nine times lay dying in her humble home on St. Antoine street. Weeks and weeks the fever had burned within her and its fierce fire showed itself in the deep blue eyes and the lovely, innocent face. The mother, an ever constant watcher at the sufferer's pillow, had never given up hope, but the child with that knowledge which seems to come to all before they die, knew that she would never join her merry playmates over on the school ground. Day by day as the fever burned, she had wished for the snow to come, and when the white flakes fell the other day, the loving mother changed the child's position that she might unwarned, catch the first glimpse of the fleecy snow. The child gazed out into the flurried air long and earnestly, and then, when the pain made her writhe, she turned an appealing look to the sad faced mother and said: 'But, mamma, I don't believe I shall ever have another sleigh ride. Now promise me that if this snow is on the ground when I die you'll have my coffin carried to the grave on a sleigh.' 'Why, my sweet child, why do you make such a request? You shall not die—you will grow better to-morrow.' But, mamma, promise me, will you? Please, mamma, Please.' 'Yes, darling, yes' 'Oh, I thank you, mamma that's so nice. See, it is growing dark outside. Pull the bed nearer the window, mamma so that I can see the streetlamp. There, see—the flakes—they glisten just—like—diamonds. It will be sleighing in the morning, mamma, and I shall hear the bells.' Like the snowflake that falls upon the warm earth she melted away, and no one knows whether she woke to hear music and bells on that morning we shall one day open our eyes upon. A few days after passers by turned to look at a small funeral procession, and wondered why the undertaker had put hearse upon runners so early in the season.—*Detroit Free Press.*

The following bills have passed the State Senate finally:

To permit husbands or wives of defendants charged with chrime to testify in behalf of their husbands or wives in all cases wherein the defendants are competent witnesses.

To amend act allowing parties in interest to be competent witnesses.

To prevent the statute of limitations running during the pendency in course of writs of certiorari to justices of the peace.

Relating to the acceptance of bills of exchange and orders for the payment of money.

Regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this commonwealth.

### Worth Remembering.

Now that good times are again upon us, before indulging in extravagant shows, it is worth rembering that no one can enjoy the pleasantest surroundings if in bad health. There are hundreds of miserable people going about to-day with disordered stomach, liver or kidneys, or a dry, hacking cough, and one foot in the grave, when a 50 cents. bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic would do them more good than all the expensive doctors and quack medicines they have ever tried. It always makes the blood pure and rich and will build you up and give you good health at little cost. Read of it in another column.

### How Cameron is to Fix Things.

According to the most reliable information given out here several matters in regard to Presidat elect Garfield's Cabinet have fully determined upon. Don Cameron will not go into the Cabinet himself, but will be allowed to name two persons to the best of his appointments under General Garfield. The opposition to Cameron, who wanted to be Secretary of War, came Mr. Blaine In a few days Mr. Blaine will resign his Senatorship and will go to Mentor, where he will arrnge the slate with Garfield. Mr. Blaine will be Secretary of State, and Senator Allison, of Iowa, will be Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Allison was Mr. Blaine's choice, and General Garfield has agreed to give him the care of the national money bags. Allison is a close friend of Garfidle's and an old ally in the House. As to State affairs, Cameron is for Oliver first, but fearing his defeat he has obtained a partial promise for Garfield to use his influence for William H. Armstrong for the Senatorship The other faction have tried to get Garfield to support Congressman Harmer. Simon Camera is opposed to Oliver, MacVeagh and Armstrong, and is anxious to have Benjamin Harris Brewster made Senator.—*Harrisburg Dispatch to New York Herald.*

### A Fool Once More.

"For ten years my wife was confined to her bed with such a complication of ailments that no doctor could tell what was the matter or cure her, and I used up a small fortune in humbug stuff. Six months ago I saw a U. S flag with Hop Bitters on it, and I thought I would be a fool once. I tried it but my folly proved to be wisdom. Two bottles cured her, she is now as well and strong as any man's wife, and it cost me only two dollars. Such folly pays. W. H., Detroit, Mich.—*Free Press.*

### A woman as Associate Editor.

Mr. A. R. Saylor, of Pittstown *Chronicle*, recently associated Miss T. M. Mangan with himself in the editoral management of the paper. The other day she wrote a "grape vine article," which might injure a citizen's private business, and insisted that it should be inserted. Mr. Saylor protested and reasoned with her, finally forbidding the printers to set it up, whereupon she lectured the typos severely. The compositors notified their employer that unless he dismissed Miss Mangan they would quit work. Mr. S requested her to resign until he could get other printers, which she indignantly refused to do, and threatened to prepare and publish articles reflecting upon him and his establishment. She at last became so unreasonable and violent that he was compelled to summarily dismiss her.

It is fashionable of late for the Yankee to talk of his foreign trade, and to walk about with a chip on his shoulder challenging other nations to compare figures This attitude is only warrantable in those who are ignorant of British statistics under this head. British exports for 1880 foot up $1,110,000,000, and British imports for the same time $2,045,000,000. Total foreign trade of Great Britain for 1880, $3,165,000,000—an increase of $390,000,000 over 1879. The figures of our own foreign trade for the calendar year 1880 have not yet been made up, but for the fiscal year 1880 they foot up but little over $1,600,000,000 or little more than half those of old England. Yankeedom is a smart boy, but in some things—many things—he has not got bigger than his mother country.—*English Exposition.*

### An Important Arrival.

HOW A JAPANESE ELEPHANT WAS PACKED FOR TRAVEL.

An immense Japanese elephant consigned to Mr. Adam Forepaugh, the curious manager arrived here after a most circus experience. The beast had a pleasant voyage over the placid Pacific, but about the time it was placed in one train to be shipped east from San Francisco the mercury took a tumble away down below zero in the Rocky Mountains, and it became necessary to protect the monster from the excessive cold. The Central Pacific railroad company refused to allow a stove to be placed in the car with the beast, and, as heat was absolutely necessary to the life of the monster, Captain Mullett, who was travelling with the elephant; set his wits to work to devise a plan of generating heat without fire. He soon hit upon a practical plan. The elephant was led into the box car, and stabled compost was thrown in by the cartload. It was piled high around the sides of the car, and loosely heaped around the elephant, until only the head and back of the big beast was visible. Unnecessary chinks in the car were stopped up, and the journey was begun. As the temperature lowered a few pails of water were thrown upon the compost, and the vapor from the fermenting heap filled the car. In this way the monster from the tropics invaded the home of the blizzard and travelled in his pathway from Cheyenne to this city, where he arrived without a chill or a damaged lung.—*Philada Record.*

I am cured of catarrh and deafness, and after giving Ely's Cream Balm a thorough trial. It has on several occasions relieved me of severe cold in the head. My aunt was troubled with deafness so that she could not hear at all in one ear. After using the Balm a few times her hearing was restored. F D Moro, Insurance Broker, Elizabeth, N. J See advertisement.

For the treatment of catarrh, cold in the head, catarrhal deafness and hay fever we call your attention to a new and particular remedy, Ely's Cream Balm. We are continually hearing the most favorable report of its curative effects. It is easy and agreeable to apply. We would strongly recommend this discovery to our patrons and every one suffering from catarrh, etc., being fully convinced it will please in every case Vanriper & Co., druggists, Passaic N. J.

### Tilden On Centralization.

HIS ACKNOWLEDGMENT TO THE JEFFERSON DEMOCRATIC ASSOCIATION OF YORK.

Thomas Jefferson has a title to the esteem and gratitude of American people even greater than that which he derived from being the author of the Declaration of Indepen dence and from being the author of the Statute of Religious Freedom by the State of Virginia. During all the bloody conflicts of the American Revolution and the civil struggles out of which our system of government emerged, and the controversies through which was impressed upon it the character of a government "by the people, for the people," he was the apostle of human freedom and the greatest leader of that beneficent philosophy which was embodied in our institutions. At a time when powerful tendencies are at work to subvert the original character of our government—to break down the limitations of power established by the Constitution, to centralize the action and influence of official authorities, to create a governing class, using the machinery of government as a corrupt balance of power in the elections, and then shaping legislation and administration in the interests of the few against the many—the precepts and example of such a man as Mr. Jefferson cannot be too often invoked. The formation of societies which can act as centres of discussion and as agencies for the propagation of the pure principles of the fathers of the Republic is a measure capable of great service to the people and to mankind.

"I have used Dr. Simmons' Liver Regulator myself and in my family for years, and pronounce it one it the most satisfactory medicines that can be used. Nothing would induce me to be without it, and I recommend all my friends, if they want to secure health. to always keep it on hand. R. L. Mott, Columbus, Ga.

Blain Bros., car builders, of Huntingdon, have an order to build 900 cars for the Texas and Pacific railroad.

An infallible remedy for fever and ague is Ayer's Ague Cure. Wholly vegetable and containing no quinine, it is harmless and sure.

William Lawson, of New York city, has purchased the Bellefonte car works, and in the spring will start them going.

Albert Porte, of Buffalo, who has wives scattered all over the country, was sentenced to five years imprisonment.

Fernando Wood is suffering from a general break up of his system, and will probably never answer another roll call in congress.

This is the month when those troubled with a cough should go for a twenty-five cent bottle of Dr. Bull's cough syrup and be cured at once.

The richest man in the United States Senate is said to be Mr. Fair, of Nevada.

J. K. Siegfrid has been appointed by the Grvernor as inspecttor of boilers for Northumberland, Schuylkill and Columbia Counties.

Speer's Horehound Rye and Rock.

Made of old pearlrye, rock candy crystal, and the Horehound herb, a simple and effective remedy for coughs, colds, hoarseness and sore throats, highly recommended for consumptives. This is no patent medicine mixture, but it is the pure extract of Rye, Horehound and Rock Candy, combined with one other medicine much used by consumptives. Sold by C. A. Kleim.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM. OF LYNN, MASS.

DISCOVERER OF

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

The Positive Cure

For all Female Complaints.

This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate; and when its use is continued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure is effected, as thousands will testify. On account of its proven merits, it is to-day recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country.

It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

In fact it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach

It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

For Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Six bottles for $5.00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM' LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness, and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., General Agents, Phila., Pa.

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30 DAYS

SALE

CLOTHING.

HATS and CAPS.

SHIRTS,

*Overcoats*

AT COST.

Big Bargains.

MUST BE SOLD

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Extensive Alterations.

CASSIMERES BY THE YARD

VERY CHEAP.

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PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE REMEDY

For Internal and External Use.

Is a SURE CURE for all the Diseases for which it is recommended, and is ALWAYS PERFECTLY SAFE in the hands of even the most inexperienced persons.

It is a sure and quick remedy for COUGHS, SORE THROAT, CHILLS, and similar troubles, affords instant relief to the most malignant forms of DIPHTHERIA, and is the best known remedy for RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA.

THE OLDEST, BEST, AND MOST WIDELY KNOWN FAMILY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

It has been used with such wonderful success in all parts of the world for CRAMPS, CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS, that it is considered as nothing ever for these diseases.

HAS STOOD THE TEST OF 40 YEARS' CONSTANT USE IN ALL COUNTRIES AND CLIMATES.

It is RECOMMENDED by Physicians, Missionaries, Ministers, Managers of Plantations, Work-Shops, and Factories, Nurses in Hospitals—in short, by Everybody everywhere who has ever given it a trial.

IT IS WITHOUT A RIVAL AS A LINIMENT.

It should always be used for Pain in the Back and Side, and brings speedy and permanent relief in all cases of Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, Severe Burns, Scalds, etc.

NO FAMILY CAN SAFELY BE WITHOUT IT. It will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills and its price brings it within the reach of all. It is sold at 25c. 50c. and $1.00 a bottle, and can be obtained from all druggists.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Providence, R. I. Proprietors

Cathartic Pills

Combine the choicest cathartic principles in medicine, in proportions accurately adapted to secure activity, certainty, and uniformity of effect. They are the result of years of careful study and practical experiment, and are the most effectual remedy yet discovered for diseases caused by derangement of the stomach, liver, and bowels, which require prompt and effectual treatment. AYER'S PILLS are specially adapted to this class of diseases. They act directly on the digestive and assimilative processes, and restore regular healthy action. Their extensive use by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nations, is one of the many proofs of their value as a safe, sure, and perfectly reliable purgative medicine. Being compounded of the concentrated virtues of purely vegetable substances, they are positively free from calomel or any injurious properties, and can be administered to children with perfect safety.

AYER'S PILLS are an effectual cure for Constipation or Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Foul Stomach and Breath, Dizziness, Headache, Loss of Memory, Numbness, Biliousness, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Dropsy, Tumors, Worms, Neuralgia, Colic, Gripes, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Gout, Piles, Disorders of the Liver, and all other diseases resulting from a disordered state of the digestive apparatus.

As a Dinner Pill they have no equal.

While gentle in their action, these PILLS are the most thorough and searching cathartic that can be employed, and never give pain unless the bowels are inflamed, and then their influence is healing. They stimulate the appetite and digestive organs; they operate to purify and enrich the blood, and impart renewed health and vigor to the whole system.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

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Ever made by any publishing house. It is a Bonanza and will be made for only a short time. For particulars address BURBARD BROS., Philadelphia Pa. d Jan 28-w

Parker's Ginger Tonic

Regulates the stomach, liver and kidneys, and never fails to make the blood rich and pure and to strengthen every part of the system. It has cured hundreds of despairing invalids. Ask your neighbors about it d Jan. 7-4w

AGENTS WANTED to sell the most salable book of the year,

IDOL WORSHIP OF THE WORLD

BY P. S. DORBIN.

Late of Yokohama, Japan. A NEW WORK of Matchless Interest, describing the strange superstitions of Heathen Nations in all parts and ages of the world. The only work ever published covering this great subject. Contains a thousand facts stranger than fiction—the wild imaginations of Idolaters concerning Deity and Spirits, the Destiny of Man, with all the strange beliefs, legends, customs, forms of worship temples, shrines sacrifices, etc., connected therewith. Is illustrated and bound in unique style. A truly wonderful book, certain to sell immensely. For sample pages, terms, etc., address BURBARD BROS., Jan 2-4w d 723 Chestnut st. Philadelphia.

PENSIONS

ARE PAID every soldier disabled in the line of duty by accident or otherwise. A WOUND of any kind, loss of fingers, toes or RUPTURE, if not slight, disease of Lungs or Varicose Veins give a pension. Under late laws thousands are entitled to an increase of pension. Widows, orphans and dependent fathers or mothers of soldiers who died in the army get a pension. BOUNTY—Discharge, for wound, injuries or rupture, gives full bounty. Send 3 stamps for copy Pension and Bounty Acts. Address P. H. Fitzgerald & Co., Claim Agents, Indianapolis, Ind. Refer to U. S. A. W. Davis, Pres't Indiana Banking Co., and R. F. Kennedy, Pres't Central Bank, both of Indianapolis. Name this paper.

Jan 4, '81-3m a d

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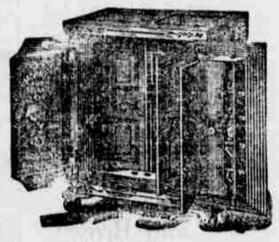

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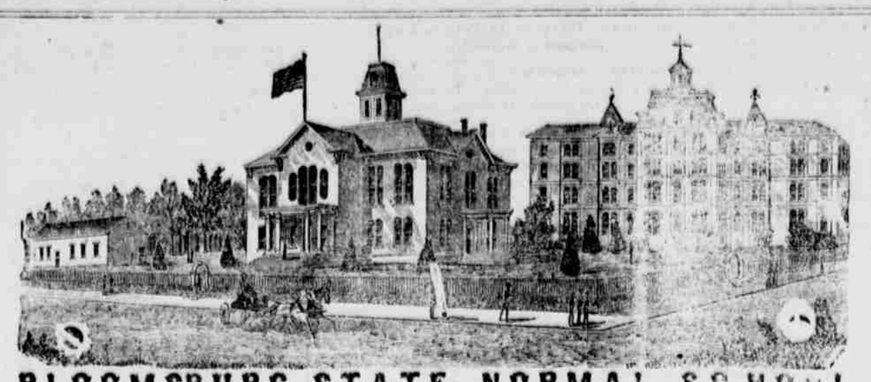

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THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.

Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft spring water.

Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.

Courses of study prescribed by the State:

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Adjunct Courses: I Academic. II. Commercial. III. Course in Music. IV. Course in Art. V. Course in Physical Culture.

The Elementary. Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and Students graduating therein, receive State Diplomas, conferring the followin corresponding Degrees; Master of the Elements; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates their attainments., signed by the Officers of the Board of Taster:.

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The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her Schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as Students. To all such it promises aidin developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving School. For Catalogue, address the Principal.

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Sept. 8, '76.

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PORT GRAPE WINE

Used in the principal Churches for Communion purposes.

EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSONS AND THE AGED.

Excellent for Females.

Speer's Port Grape Wine

FOUR YEARS OLD.

This Celebrated Native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape raised in this Country

Its Invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other Native Wine. Being the pure juice of the Grape, produced under Mr Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest children may partake of its generous qualities and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

SPEER'S

P. J. Sherry,

The P. J. SHERRY is a Wine of superior character and partakes of the golden qualities of the grape from which it is made. For Purity, Richness, Flavor and Medical Properties, it will be found unexcelled

SPEER'S

P. J. Brandy.

This BRANDY stands unrivaled in this Country being far superior for medical purposes.

IT IS A PURE distillation from the grape and contains valuable medical properties

It has a delicate flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled, and is in great favor among first class families.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

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Has a Pad differing from all others, it is cup shape, with Self-Adjusting Ball in center, adapts itself to all positions of the body, while the Ball in the cup presses back the intestines just as a person would with the Finger. With light pressure the Hernia is held securely day and night, and a radical cure certain. It is easy, durable and cheap. Sent by mail. Circulars free.

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MANUFACTURERS OF THE ONLY GENUINE

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THRESHERS,

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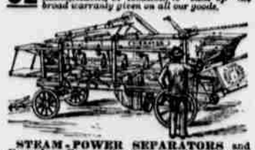
Most Complete Thresher Factory | Established in the World. | 1848

32 YEARS of continuous and successful business, without change of name, management, or location, to "back up" the broad warranty given on all our goods.



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A multitude of special features and improvements for 1881, together with superior qualities in construction and materials not dreamed of by other makers.

Four sizes of Separators, from 6 to 12 horse capacity, for steam or horse power.

Two styles of "Mounted" Horse-Powers.

7,500,000 Feet of Selected Lumber (from three to six years air-dried) constantly on hand, from which is built the incomparable wood-work of our machinery.

TRACTION ENGINES

Strongest, most durable, and effective ever made. 8, 10, 13 Horse Power.

Pioneers and Threshermen are invited to visit Battle Creek and see the only Vibrating Thresher and Traction Engine Machinery.

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO.

Battle Creek, Michigan.

jan. 7, '81-6m a14

HOLMAN'S PAD

Cures Without Medicine—Simply by Absorption. The Only True Malarial Antidote.

Dr. Holman cautions the public against counterfeit and imitation "Pads," of all kinds. Insist upon the Kind bearing the above likeness and green private revenue stamp of Holman Pad Co., New York.

This is a true remedy—without medicine. Its fame is a household word throughout the world. To be cured of Malaria, Fevers, Chills, Biliousness, Liver Complaints, and Chronic Stomach Diseases, it is only necessary to get the GENUINE Holman's Pad. It never fails.

Holman's Pad (genuine) is sold by Druggists. If in doubt about the genuineness of Pads offered, enclose $2 in registered letter to us and receive the remedy by return mail, postpaid, or write us for free treatise. If severely afflicted with chronic ailments, describe symptoms fully. Dr. Holman's advice is GRATIS.

Address, HOLMAN PAD CO., 93 William Street, New York.

CRISTADORO'S

HAIR DYE is the safest and best. Acts Instantaneously, producing the most natural shade of black or brown; does not stain the skin; easily applied. A splendid preparation; favorite upon every toilet. Appointed toilet for lady or gentleman. Sold by all druggists and applied by all hair dressers. J. CRISTADORO, New York.

WILLSON'S

CARBOLATED

(Norwegian)

Is retained by the Weakest Stomach. Is Free from Unpleasant Taste. Arrests Decays. Never gets Rancid.

It cures Consumption, Scrofula, Asthma, Bronchitis, Emaciation, Coughs, Colds, Influenza, and all lung and constitutional diseases.

Its Blood Purifier the Carbolated Oil is unsurpassably efficient. Its use in Scrofulous Affections, Rheumatism, &c., is strongly recommended. Its purifying power is wonderful in Consumption—sloughing, as it frequently does, upon Scrofulous taint. It acts upon the rational theory of IMMEDIATELY ARRESTING DECAY while it BUILDS UP THE SYSTEM, enabling it to throw off the disease.

Sold only in wedge-shaped bottles. Willson is spelled with a double "L." Remember the word "CARBOLATED" in ordering from your druggist, and insist on having the right kind.

GUMP CHEMICAL CO., N. Y.

COD LIVER OIL

BUCHAN'S

CARBOLIC BALM OINTMENT

IS THE

Best Salve in the World.

Trade Mark.

Quick and Startling Cures.

It Heals Without a Scar.

Allays Pain & Stops Bleeding.

Soothes a Burn or Scald.

Heals a Cut Like Magic.

Draws Poison out of a Wound.

BUCHANS' CARBOLIC BALM OINTMENT

CONTAINS NO GREASE AND WASHES OFF WITHOUT SOAP.

*acts Instantly and like Magic.*

For Salt Rheum, Sore Throat, Chapped Hands, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Tetter, Sore Eyes, Poisonous Stings and Bites, Barber's Itch, Chapped Hands, Scrofulous Sores, and any and every other purpose for which a Salve or Ointment can be used. Buchan's Carbolic Balm Ointment is the only preparation that can always be relied upon. It is a beautiful jelly-colored article, sold in glass boxes with the above "trade-mark," without which none is genuine. See to it that your druggist gives you Buchan's, as above described. Circulars sent free on application to the Manufacturers.

GUEMP MANUFACTURING CO.

Raven Indellible Ink.

MARK Best in the world; black as the raven's wing; flows perfectly from the pen; does not spread or run; always ready, no preparation needed; will not injure any fabric. Sold by all Druggists Book sellers and Stationers. GUEMP CHEMICAL CO., N. Y.

WON'T WASH OUT.

YOUR CLOTHES

ORGANS $30 to $1,000; 2 to 32 Stops. Piano $150 up. Paper Free. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J. jan. 14'81-4w d

PUBLIC SALE HAND BILLS

Printed at this Office

ON SHORTEST NOTICE AND AT THE

MOST REASONABLE RATES

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after Sunday, Nov. 7, 1880, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **WESTWARD.** | | |
| Erie Mail leaves | Philadelphia | 11 55 p m |
| " " | Harrisburg | 4 25 a m |
| " " | William port | 8 40 a m |
| " " | Jersey Shore | 9 09 a m |
| " " | Lock Haven | 9 40 a m |
| " " | Renovo | 11 05 a m |
| " | arrive at Erie | 7 45 p m |
| Niagara Express leaves | Philadelphia | 9 00 a m |
| " " | Harrisburg | 12 15 p m |
| " | arr. at Williamsport | 3 15 p m |
| " " | Lock Haven | 4 20 p m |
| " " | Renovo | 5 40 p m |
| Fast Line leaves | Philadelphia | 12 10 p m |
| " " | Harrisburg | 4 00 p m |
| " | arrive at Williamsport | 7 55 p m |
| " " | Lock Haven | 9 10 p m |
| **EASTWARD.** | | |
| Pacific Express leaves | Lock Haven | 7 05 a m |
| " " | Jersey Shore | 7 37 a m |
| " " | Williamsport | 8 00 a m |
| " | arrive at Harrisburg | 1205 p m |
| " " | Philadelphia | 5 45 p m |
| Day Express leaves | Renovo | 10 05 a m |
| " " | Lock Haven | 11 25 a m |
| " " | Williamsport | 12 25 p m |
| " | arrive at Harrisburg | 3 40 p m |
| " " | Philadelphia | 6 35 p m |
| Erie Mail leaves | Renovo | 9 40 p m |
| " " | Lock Haven | 10 10 p m |
| " " | Williamsport | 11 20 p m |
| " | arrives at Harrisburg | 3 10 a m |
| " " | Philadelphia | 7 05 a m |
| Fast Line leaves | Williamsport | 12 15 a m |
| " | arrives at Harrisburg | 3 15 a m |
| " " | Philadelphia | 7 05 a m |

Erie Mail west and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton,

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail east and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express west, and Day Express east. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

W. M. A. BALDWIN, General Supt.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 29th, 1875, trains will leave Sunbury as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| NORTHWARD. | | |
| Erie Mail 5.40 a. m., arrive Elmira | | 11 55 |
| " | Canandaigua | 3.35 p. m |
| " | Rochester | 5.15 " |
| " | Niagara | 9 40 " |

Renove accommodation 11.10 a. m. arrive Williamsport 12.55 p. m.

Elmira Mail 4.18 a. m., arrive Elmira 10.30 a. m.

Buffalo Express 7.15 a. m. arrive Buffalo 8.50 a m

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| SOUTHWARD. | | |
| Buffalo Express 9.50 a. m. arrive | Harrisburg | |
| " | Baltimore | 8.10 |
| Elmira Mail 11.15 a. m., arrive | Harrisburg | 1.50 |
| " | Washington | 10.50 |
| " | Baltimore | 6.50 |
| " | Washington | |

Harrisburg accommodation Burg 10.50 p. m.

arrive Baltimore

" Washington 6.13

Erie Mail 12.50 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 3.05 a. m.

" Baltimore 8.40 "

" Washington 10.35 "

All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agen A. J. CASSATT, General Manage

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

May 11, 1879.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS SUNDAY EXCEPTED

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,45 a. m.

For Catawissa, 11,45 a. m. 7,31 and 7,35 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6,25 9,55 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 8,45 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 9,45 a. m.

Leave Reading, 11,06 a. m., Pottsville, 12,39 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,25 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, 5,20 8,50 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.

Leave Williamsport 9,45 a.m, 2,15 p. m. and 4,50 p. m

Passengers to and from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN, General Manager

C. G. HANCOCK, General Ticket Agent.

Jan. 14, 1876—tf.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD, BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

Time-Table No. 39, Takes effect at 4:30 A. M. MONDAY, JUNE 16, 1878.

| NORTH. | | | | STATIONS. | SOUTH. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| p.m. | p.m. | a.m. | | | a.m. | p.m. | p.m. |
| 9 30 | 4 12 | 9 46 | | ....Scranton.... | 9 55 | 2 10 | 6 12 |
| 9 23 | | | | ....Bellevue.... | | 2 16 | 6 20 |
| 9 17 | | 9 37 | | ....Taylorville.. | 9 48 | 2 22 | 6 26 |
| 9 08 | | 9 28 | | ....Lackawanna.... | | 2 30 | 6 33 |
| 8 58 | 3 51 | 9 24 | | ....Pittston.... | 9 58 | 2 38 | 6 40 |
| 8 51 | 3 45 | 9 19 | | ..West Pittston.. | | 2 44 | 6 45 |
| 8 46 | 3 41 | 9 14 | | ....Wyoming.... | 10 07 | 2 49 | 6 50 |
| | 12 41 | | | ....Maltby.... | | 2 53 | 6 55 |
| | 12 36 | | | ....Bennett.... | | 2 57 | 6 59 |
| 8 33 | 3 26 | 9 04 | | ....Kingston.... | 10 18 | 3 12 | 7 10 |
| 8 18 | 3 10 | 8 44 | | ....Kingston.... | 10 33 | 3 15 | 7 20 |
| | | | | ....Plymouth June. | | 3 19 | 7 25 |
| 8 13 | 3 00 | 8 55 | | ....Plymouth.... | 10 39 | 3 15 | 7 26 |
| | | | | ....Avondale.... | | 3 21 | 7 35 |
| 8 12 | 3 12 | 8 47 | | ....Nanticoke.... | 10 34 | 3 26 | 7 42 |
| 8 04 | 3 04 | 8 39 | | ....Hunlock's Creek. | 10 42 | 3 35 | 8 04 |
| 7 51 | 2 51 | 8 28 | | ....Shickshinny.... | 10 55 | 3 50 | 8 20 |
| 7 38 | 2 39 | 8 17 | | ....Hick's Ferry.... | 11 07 | 4 03 | 8 45 |
| 7 32 | 2 34 | 8 12 | | ....Beach Haven.... | 11 13 | 4 08 | 8 55 |
| 7 25 | 2 28 | 8 06 | | ....Berwick.... | 11 20 | 4 18 | 9 05 |
| 7 18 | | | | ....Briar Creek.... | | 4 26 | 7 15 |
| 7 14 | | | | ....Willow Grove.... | | 4 29 | 7 18 |
| 7 10 | | | | ....Lime Ridge.... | | 4 33 | 7 20 |
| 7 02 | 2 04 | 7 44 | | ....Espy.... | 11 39 | 4 42 | 7 44 |
| 6 56 | 1 57 | 7 38 | | ....Bloomsburg.... | 11 45 | 4 49 | 8 00 |
| 6 50 | 1 51 | 7 33 | | ....Rupert.... | 11 50 | 4 55 | 8 05 |
| 6 45 | 1 46 | 7 29 | | Catawissa Bridge. | 11 57 | 5 00 | 8 50 |
| 6 37 | 1 37 | 7 11 | | ....Danville.... | 12 18 | 5 18 | 8 21 |
| | | | | ....Chulasky.... | | 5 18 | 9 53 |
| 6 15 | | | | ....Cameron.... | | 5 30 | 9 |
| 6 00 | 1 00 | 6 45 | | ....Northumberland. | 12 45 | 5 45 | 9 |
| p.m. | p.m. | a.m. | | | a.m. | p.m. | p.m. |

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.

Superintendent's Office, Scranton, June 16, 1878.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

PHILADELPHIA,

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS,